Fifth Revised Sheet No. 23 Superseding Fourth Revised Sheet No. 23

2.2a Adjusted Actual Load

Actual Load adjusted to reflect: (i) Load relief measures such as voltage reduction and Load Shedding; (ii) Load reductions provided by Demand Side Resources; (iii) normalized design weather conditions; (iv) Station Power delivered that is not being self supplied pursuant to Section <u>4.12</u> of the ISO Services Tariff; and (v) adjustments for Special Case Resources and EDRP.

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2.3 Affiliate

With respect to a person or entity, any individual, corporation, partnership, firm, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust or unincorporated organization, directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by, or under common control with, such person or entity. The term "Control" shall mean the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct the management or policies of a person or an entity. A voting interest of ten percent or more shall create a rebuttable presumption of control.

2.4 Ancillary Services

Services necessary to support the transmission of Energy from Generators to Loads, while maintaining reliable operation of the NYS Power System in accordance with Good Utility Practice and Reliability Rules. Ancillary Services include Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Service; Reactive Supply and Voltage Support Service (or "Voltage Support Service"); Regulation Service; Energy Imbalance

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2.172e Station Power

Station Power shall mean the Energy used by a Generator:

1. for operating electric equipment located on the Generator site, or portions thereof, owned by the same entity that owns the Generator, which electrical equipment is used by the Generator exclusively for the production of Energy and any useful thermal energy associated with the production of Energy; and

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2. for the incidental heating, lighting, air conditioning and office equipment needs of buildings, or portions thereof, that are:

- a. owned by the same entity that owns the Generator;
- b. located on the Generator site; and
- c. used by the Generator exclusively in connection with the production of

Energy and any useful thermal energy associated with the production of Energy.

Station Power does not include any Energy: (i) used to power synchronous condensers;

(ii) used for pumping at a pumped storage facility or for charging a Limited Energy Storage

Resource; or (iii) provided during a Black Start restoration by Generators that provide Black

Start Capability Service.

2.172f Start-Up Bid

A Bid parameter that may vary hourly and that identifies the payment a Supplier requires to bring a Generator up to its specified minimum operating level from an offline state or a Demand Side Resource from a level of no Demand Reduction to its specified minimum level of Demand Reduction.

2.173 Storm Watch

Actual or anticipated severe weather conditions under which region-specific portions of

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4.12 Procurement of Station Power

A Generator may self-supply Station Power in accordance with the following provisions.

(a) A Generator may self-supply Station Power during any calendar month when either:

1. Its net output for that month is positive; or

2. Its net output for that month is negative and the Generator, during the same month, has available at other Generators owned by the same entity that owns the Generator positive net output in an amount at least sufficient to offset fully such negative net output (hereinafter referred to as "remote self-supply of Station Power"). A Generator may remotely self-supply Station Power only from generating units that it directly owns,

i. If an entity owns a portion of a jointly owned Generator it may remotely self-supply its other Generators up to the amount of its entitlement to Energy from the jointly-owned Generator provided that:
(A) the entity has the right to call upon that Energy for its own use; and
(B) the Energy entitlement is not characterized as a sale from the jointly owned Generator to any of its joint owners.

Deleted: Generators
Deleted: are owned by its owner's
corporate affiliates

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(b) A Generator's net output for the month may be positive because either:

 The Generator is physically supplying Energy for its Station Power needs, using its own facilities, and without using facilities that are owned by any Transmission Owner; or

2. The Generator's Station Power requirements for the month, including all Energy received for use as Station Power, regardless of its voltage or the metering point of receipt, are less than the amount of Energy that the Generator injects into the New York State Power System for the month.

(c) The determination of net output under this Section 4.12 shall apply only to determine whether the Generator self-supplied Station Power during the month and will not affect the price of Energy sold or consumed by the Generator at any bus during any hour during the month.

(d) When a Generator has positive net output for an interval and is delivering Energy into the New York State Power System, it will be paid the Real-Time or Day-Ahead LBMP at its bus, as appropriate, for all of the Energy delivered pursuant to the ISO Services Tariff. Conversely, when a Generator has negative net output for an interval and is self-supplying Station Power from the New York State Power System under Section 4.12.(a).1 or 4.12.(a).2, it will pay the Real-Time or Day-Ahead LBMP, as appropriate, for all of the Energy consumed, pursuant to the ISO Services Tariff.

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(e) The ISO will determine the extent to which each affected generator self-supplied its Station Power requirements or obtained Station Power from third-party providers during the month and will incorporate that determination in its accounting and billing. To the extent that Station Power deliveries from third parties, including corporate affiliates of a Generator's owner, involve an unbundled Transmission Service component, the Generator shall take Transmission Service under Part IV of the ISO OATT unless the Generator has made other arrangements with the local Transmission Owner under the Transmission Owner's retail access tariff.

(f) When a Generator self-supplies Station Power during any month according to Section 4,12,(a).1., above, the Generator will not incur any charges for Transmission Service. When a Generator remotely self-supplies Station Power according to Section 4,12(a).2 above, the Generator shall, to the extent that Transmission Service is involved, pay for Transmission Service for the quantity of Energy that the Generator remotely selfsupplies. Such Transmission Service shall be provided under Part II of the ISO OATT and shall be charged the hourly rate under Schedule 7 of the ISO OATT for Firm Pointto-Point Transmission Service, provided however, that the terms and charges under Schedules 1 through 3, 5, 6, 8 and 9 of the ISO OATT shall not apply to such service. The amount of Energy that a Generator transmits in conjunction with remote self-supply

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of Station Power will not be affected by any other sales, purchases, or transmission of

Capacity or Energy by or for such Generator under any other provisions of the ISO

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OATT or ISO Services Tariff.

Deleted: (g) A Generator may remotely self-supply Station Power from an External Generator owned by the same entity that owns the Generator only if the External Generator has positive net output during the month and if the Generator has scheduled Imports into the NYCA from the External Generator during the month in an amount at least sufficient to offset fully its negative net output for the month.¶

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March 22, 2003