

Consumer Impact Analysis: Methodology for More Granular Operating Reserves

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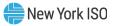
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Installed Capacity and Market Issues Working Groups

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Background

- The More Granular Operating Reserves project includes the following components:
 - Establishing a reserve region in Zone J (completed)
 - Market design approved by stakeholders in March 2019
 - Zone J reserve requirements implemented on June 26, 2019
 - Evaluating load pocket reserves in New York City (NYC)
 - Proposal developed in 2019 and reviewed with stakeholders at the November 6, 2019 BIC meeting
 - Assessing reserve provider performance
- The focus of this presentation is the consumer impact of the proposal for establishing reserve requirements for certain load pockets in NYC



Out-of-Market Costs

- The NYISO has identified that resources within load pockets are often committed out-of-merit for local reliability based on their ability to meet Local Reliability Requirements (LRRs)
- The LRR evaluation can result in committing resources that would not otherwise be committed economically
 - These commitments may result in uplift if the resource does not earn enough revenue to recover its day-ahead bid cost
- Uplift payments may result in market outcomes where the full cost of the resources required to meet system needs are not transparently reflected in energy prices
 - The 2018 SOM report noted that the total value of Day-Ahead Bid Production Cost guarantee (BPCG) payments incurred to satisfy N-1-1 contingency requirements for NYC load pockets was over \$26 million in 2018



NYISO's Proposal

- The NYISO is proposing to establish three new reserve regions within Zone J and associated 30-minute reserve requirements to be procured in both the Day-Ahead and Real-Time Markets
 - Load pocket reserve regions would be nested within existing upstream reserve regions (Zone J, SENY, East and NYCA)

Load Pocket	30-Minute Operating Reserve Requirement (MW)
Astoria East/Corona/Jamaica	325
Astoria West/Queensbridge/Vernon	225
Greenwood/Staten Island	250

- A 30-minute reserve requirement reflects the resource capability necessary to restore transmission flows to applicable limits following a contingency event within 30 minutes, consistent with rules for NYCA reliability
- The NYISO is proposing to establish operating reserve demand curves for each load pocket that assign a \$25/MWh value to the proposed reserve requirements



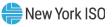
Benefits of the Proposal

More efficient scheduling and procurement of resources

- Generators providing local reliability needs would be scheduled economically through a market-based mechanism
- Help to offset some of the out-of-market commitment costs required to satisfy LRRs

Locationally specific market price signals

- Aligning reserve regions with load pockets provides a clear signal as to the additional value that may be attributable to resources located in certain areas
- Incentive for investment in resources that can supply 30-minute reserve products
 - In the absence of a market mechanism, economic incentives for investment in resources in load pockets capable of providing the required reserves are muted



Consumer Impact Analysis (IA) Evaluation Areas

Present the potential impact on all four evaluation areas

RELIABILITY	COST IMPACT/ MARKET EFFICIENCIES
ENVIRONMENT/ NEW TECHNOLOGY	TRANSPARENCY



Cost Impact Methodology

- Using the NYISO's Day-Ahead (DA) Market software, re-run select market days from 2019 with the addition of the proposed load pocket reserve requirements
 - Several factors will be considered when selecting the days to analyze, including: amount of DA BPCG, load, seasonality (e.g., summer and winter), LRR commitments
 - All days selected include the deployment of the Zone J reserve region
- Compare LBMPs from re-run cases to original LBMPs to find an LBMP delta
 - The LBMP delta will be based on the subset of days analyzed
- Use the LBMP delta to estimate consumer impact on energy prices
 - Multiply the LBMP delta by the DA LBMPs to compute an adjusted DA LBMP accounting for the proposed reserve requirements
 - The adjusted DA LBMPs will then be multiplied by the actual real-time integrated hourly load
 - The result of this calculation will be summed to determined an estimated annual LBMP impact
- Discuss the potential impact on resource commitment in each load pocket
- Assess the potential impact on DA BPCG payments incurred to satisfy N-1-1 contingency requirements for NYC load pockets



Other Impacts

Evaluate other Impacts:

- Reliability Impacts
- Environmental Impacts
- Impact on Transparency



Feedback?

Email additional feedback to: deckels@nyiso.com



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- Maintaining and enhancing regional reliability
- Operating open, fair and competitive wholesale electricity markets
- Planning the power system for the future
- Providing factual information to policy makers, stakeholders and investors in the power system





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