NYISO Electric System Planning Working Group Meeting

February 9, 2004 9:30 am - 3:30 pm

NYISO – Washington Ave Albany, NY

Draft Minutes

Of the thirteenth meeting of the New York Independent System Operator Electric System Planning Working Group held February 9, 2004 at the NYISO in Albany, NY.

Mr. Bill Palazzo, Chairman of the Electric System Planning welcomed the Electric System Planning Working Group to the meeting and stated the agenda.

Approval of the Meeting Minutes

The minutes from the January meeting were approved and will be posted on the NYISO/MDEX website.

Phase II: Comprehensive Planning Process Development

$Cost\ Allocation/Cost\ Recovery -\ Stakeholder\ presentations\ of\ detailed\ proposals$

Stakeholder proposalswere submitted and discussed at the meeting. ESPWG will continue to discuss the various stakeholder proposals in an attempt to reach a agreed upon proposal for the Operating Committee to review.

the Operating Communic or comment.

Con Edicar Proposal Transmission Owner Effort

DMr. Mayer Susson reported on the effort being undertaken by proposal submitted on behalf of the New York Transmission Owners. Noting that this proposal is for reliability transmission upgrades only, DMr. Susson explained that the concept of the proposal is such that a defense cost allocation of a reliability project that is required to meet reliability need identified by the NYISO. The allocation would consider the impact of such a protect on other facilities, affload existing facilities has exceed stimbility requirements, mostly under facilities. facilities, efficied entains facilities that exceed exhabiting expirements, mostly under contingency conditions, on to meet a reliability requirement, such as locational capacity requirement. The objective of this proposal is to explore the development of a methodology for the determination of beneficiaries on a case bybase basis. The proposal is not intended to the most objective Attachment S generation interconnection upgrades.

The Transmission Owners are in the process of identifying a variety of test cases to analyze their concepts and will keep ESPWG updated. An additional studies, would need to be done to determine if this approach can fairly determine beneficiaries and in turn allocation of project costs, secum for benefits. Mr. Buechler questioned how the methodology would work pertaining to short-circuit impacts.

Ms. Doreen Saia stated that this proposal would work if a transmission upgrade is needed but would not work for demand response or generation upgrade. Mr. Tim Bush brought up localized effects vs. global effects. Mr. Roy Shanker questioned how the est allocation would match the revenue allocation in the TCC auction.

The Transmission Owners will better define their proposal efforts for discussion at the next two ESPWG meetings.

Bob Reed reported on the NYSEG proposal, noting thathe is still considering the alternative proposals discussed. The process for this proposal is as follows:

- ISO does a study that reveals a reliability violation
- The study will identify low voltage and/or overloads on specific facilities

 betermine whose load is on the facilities

 Split the cost by load ratio share

Examples of low voltage and overload were provided. Mr. Reed stated that if a line is overloaded and needs fixing and the fix solves a load or reliability situation downstrear this is a case-by-case basis.

Ed Kremzier reported on National Grid's proposal. Under cost allocation, National Grid recommends participant funding when a transmission upgrade is a private, marketbased investment or when there is participant agreement as the to upgrade's beneficiaries. To the extent that participant agreement fails they are proposing a default mechanism.

- Direct assignment facilities costs for sole use/beneficiary facilities are assigned
- Direct assignment facilities costs for sole use/beneficiary facilities are assigned directly to the entity requiring such facilities.
 Regional Benefit Upgrade Transmission upgrades that are 115kV or above, provide parallel path carrying capability, and are included in the NYISO transmission plan. Costs of RRU's would be allocated region wide on a loadshare basis with the exception of localized costs determined to be unreasonable to be allocated on a regional basis (i.e. incremental costs of "gold-plating" or construction of transmission lines underground when not justified).
 Local benefit upgrade's Transmission upgrades that are below 115kV or do not provide parallel path capability would be allocated to the locality where they are located.

Ms. Saia expressed concern on the footnote of National Grid's proposal Wholesale and retail rate recovery mechanisms would been to be revisited under this proposal). This issue needs to be revisited and a default mechanism to get things off the ground was discussed.

Mr. Buechler stated that there is a need to have a process in NY for meeting reliability needs. The first piece is to lave a market based solution come forward. This would be a voluntary participant funding process. In the event that this didn't work, the regulated backstop solution would be implemented.

Central Hudson

Mr. John Watzka reported on Central Hudson's proposal. The basic premise of this proposal is that the planning process be based on the same "pool" approach as the current NYISO energy, ancillary services, and ICAP Markets.

Under Cost Recovery:

- Inder Cost Recovery:

 NYISO OATT for "pool" projects
 Individual TO tariffs for local projects
 Bright line 115kV and above (looped) are pool facilities
 Incentives should be considered
 Regulated solutions for pool projects limited to transmission only

Under Cost Allocation:

- nder Cost Allocation:

 Socialization should be rebuttable presumption for pool projets

 Exceptions to allocate costs locally as provided for in the ISONE model

 No "hold harmless" provisions

A question was raised regarding incentives for transmission providers investing in reliability projects. Mr. Watzka reported that these incentives have already been described by FERC.

Ms. Saia commented that this premise was along the lines of National Grid's proposal with the Management Committee having the final say.

Mr. Nachmias asked who owns the NYISO pool projects – the NYISO or the TO's. M: Watzka responded that one or more Transmission Owner would own them NYS DPS Proposal

NTS DTS Proposal

Ms. Diane Barney reported on the PSC's proposal. Under cost recovery:

• Cost recovery of regulated transmission solutions should be through the utility's Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT). FERC would approve the revenue requirement and possibly the rate design for recovery. The PSC approved retail tariffs would then reflect that rate design approved by FERC. Ms. Barney stated that there is no need for the NYISO to have a "rate base".

 Cost recovery of regulated generation, demand-side management or any other nontransmission solutions should be through the utility's PSC approved retail tariffs.

Under cost allocation

- PSC supports the principal of beneficiary pays this at times could be the whole system. Looking at only reliability benefits when determine beneficiaries.
 A bright line voltage test should not be used to determine local versus regional
- À bright line voltage test should not be used to determine local versus regional beneficiaries. This determination should be made on a case-by-case basis. There could be instances when a 345kV upgrade would benefit a very localized area, in this case, the bright- line approach would have improperly assigned the costs on a matient being.
- ease, the origin-time approach would have improperly assigned the costs on a regional basis.

 If a reliability project is revised to capture economic benefit, the incremental costs and benefits related to economics should be dealt with under a separate process

Mr. Tom Rudebusch asked for clarification under cost recovery. He stated that the NY Municipals could support the statement that FERC approves transmission revenue requirements, and that the PSC approved retail tariff would reflect that rate design. But what if the utility has a PSC approved retail freeze in place, and a reliability project was needed?

FERC approving revenue requirements—the PSC approved retail tariff. What if the utility has a retail rate freeze in place?

The PSC has not decided upon a specific methodology for the determination of beneficiaries for a reliability upgrade.

Framework for Reliability Planning Process

ESPWG members discussed the Reliability Planning process. Mr. Buechler pointed out that at the FERC rechnical Conference it was clear the FERC expects both reliability and economic needs addressed. He further indicated that the Pat Wood letter was the first formal indication to New York from FERC on their positions regarding economic and reliability concerns in the Planning Process The group discussed a phased in filing; addressing the reliability process separately followed by the economic process. The group was receptive to a reliability filing—as a Phase I approach. Mr. Nachmias pointed out that such a Phase I filing should include, perhaps in the filing letter, some discussion of issues and difficulty to address economic needs so that the FERC knows it has notbeen ignored. The group agreed.

Mr. Palazzo stated that the current scope is vague on whether this will be filed as one or two packages. Mr. Fromer stated that he supports the phased approach. Mr. Palazzo indicated that he intends to bring this recommendation to the OC at the February meeting. The timing of the initial letter (reliability portion) will be discussed more at the March 1 ESPWG meeting.

Initial Planning Process Implementation Issues

Bill Lamanna provided a status update on the initial planning process implementation issues. The existing reliability assessments are complete; baseline has been set for first five years.

The 2003 ATR has been completed and are currently in review. Need to identify plans outside of the normal processes and finalize TO plans and inputs. An email request was sent to the TO's asking them to identify constraints leading to load pockets or bottled generation. Mr. Fromer asked for clarification on the TO data request; particularly if this was an issue of authority to request data and why the ISO's request has not been responded to. Ms. Liz Grisaru will report back on to the group on further details.

The group discussed input stage issues.

Northeastern ISO/RTO Planning Coordination Protocol

John Adams reported on the "Northeastern ISO/RTO Planning Coordination Protocol". The purpose of this document is to coordinate stakeholder process in each of the ISO's to:

• Resolve seams issues.
• Enhance coordinated performance of the systems.
• Support and supplement (not replace or supercede) each ISO's planning procedures.

Mr. Adams reported that the proposal would be sent out to stakeholders in each of the ISO's to get feedback. Based on feedback from stakeholders, the intent is to move forward and implement this process.

Mr. Adams reported that the proposed Protocol has a placeholder for cost allocation.

TPAS and ESPWG will provide written comments by Feb $25^{\rm th}$ and this will be included on the next ESPWG agenda.

Mr. Palazzo will report to the Operating Committee on the staged filing recommendation.

Jim Mitcske will be meeting with NYISO Operations staff regarding PROBE modeling changes and will provide feedback at the next ESPWG.

Next Meeting

The next ESPWG meeting will be held on March 1st at the NYISO on Washington Ave.