

New York State Resource Planning Analysis

Presentation to NYISO Management Committee Leka Gjonaj – New York State Department of Public Service

December 17, 2015

Background

New York State Department of Public Service has initiated a State Resource Planning (SRP) study to examine the effects of various public policies on the State's bulk power system

Study Goals:

- Determine what mix of resources (generation, transmission, and DER) will need to be deployed by 2030 to meet various public policies and regulations in a cost effective manner while maintaining reliability
- Identify the reliability boundaries of the bulk power system and the upgrades (gas and electric) that would be required to maintain a reliable bulk power system

Study Participants: NYDPS, NYSERDA, NYDEC, NYISO, NYDOS(UIU) and NYTOs

Consultants:

- GE Power Flow (PSLF), Resource Adequacy (MARS), Production Cost (MAPS)
- ICF Resource Mix (IPM)



Scenarios to be studied:

- 1. Base Case: Study years 2024 and 2030 will be developed by extrapolating the 2015 CARIS Base Case under a Business as Usual scenario
 - Sensitivity 1: Retire Indian Point Units #2 and #3
 - Sensitivity 2: High gas fuel price & high load levels
 - Sensitivity 3: Reduction in or no dual-fuel generation

2. Clean Power Plan Case

- Policy Scenario 1: Each state meets its own mass-based cap
- Policy Scenario 2: RGGI or national "trading-ready" exchange under mass-based cap
 - Sensitivities to be finalized
- 3. State Energy Plan/REV Implementation Case: Guide implementation to focus on local resources to meet SEP goals
 - Sensitivities to be finalized



Methodology

The studies will be performed in two steps for each identified scenario:

- 1. Develop resource mixes, perform power flow transfer analysis and resource adequacy analysis, then model the resulting generation mix and power flows to generate system production cost and emissions data.
- 2. Determine infrastructure (gas pipelines and electric transmission) that will be required to support each resource mix.



Base Case Assumptions

- Modeling Regions: NYISO, ISO-NE, PJM, other U.S. regions, and Canadian provinces
- Statewide and Local Capacity Reserve Requirements: Utilize 2016-2017 IRM recently approved by NYSRC and corresponding LCRs
- Capacity Market Parameters: Utilize current Demand Curves
- Gas Price Forecast: Use average of AEO's 2015 Base Case & High Resource Case prices
- Load Forecast: Use 2015 Gold Book forecast for 2015 through 2025 and extrapolate through 2030 using the growth rate from the last two years of this forecast
- Load Duration Curve: Utilize 2006 load shape for production models (IPM/MAPS) and 2002/2006/2007 optimized load shape for reliability models (MARS)-consistent with CARIS & IRM assumptions.
- Non-Nuclear Generators New builds, return to service and retirements based on latest known information
- **Nuclear Units:** All units remain in-service until license expiration, then assumed retired
- Other Assumptions:
 - Solar, wind and EE will grow at existing rates
 - RGGI cap for CO2 emissions to be extended at 2020 level
 - External systems will be modeled to preserve reserve margins



Schedule – Stakeholder Updates

- December 17
- February 5
- March 7
- March 22
- June 22
- July 5
- Aug 9

- Base Case Assumptions
- **Base Case Results**
- CPP Case & SEP/REV Case Assumptions
- Base Case Sensitivity Results
- **CPP Case Scenario & Sensitivity Results**
- SEP/REV Case Scenario & Sensitivity Results
- Final Report

