

Real Time Scheduling

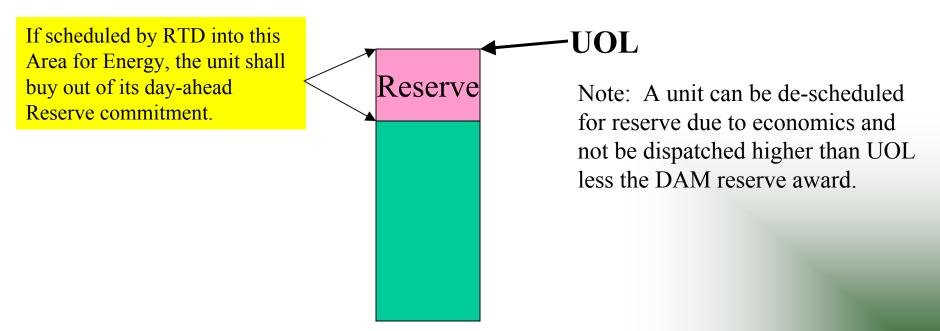
Reserve Settlements

General Settlement Rules

- ➤ There will be a full two settlement. Reserve services will be scheduled and settled nominally on a 5-min. basis.
- > Units are not required to purchase energy at LBMP for failure to perform in a reserve pickup.
- Units will be paid LBMP for overgeneration during a reserve pickup.
- Units dispatched by RTD-CAM have the ability to set LBMP
- Units may need to buy out of their DAM reserve commitment in the event of a de-rate
- > LOC will be incorporated into clearing prices

Overall Settlement Rule

If a unit is scheduled by RTD for energy into the area bounded by UOL less the DAM reserve award and the UOL, the unit shall buy out of its day-ahead reserve commitment.



Reserve Schedules

BAS will use real-time reserve schedules from RTD or RTD-CAM

- Advisory 30-minute reserve schedules are computed by RTC₃₀ to insure sufficient capacity
- Advisory reserve schedules for 10-minute start units are computed by RTC₄₅ to insure sufficient capacity
- All actual reserve schedules, including 10-minute synchronized reserve, are computed by RTD
- RTS considers unit constraints when determining schedules; i.e. ramp rates, de-rates, etc.
- Settlement for reserve is based on schedule.

30-Minute Start Units

- ➤ Scheduled and committed by RTC_{xx} for xx+30
 - RTC₀₀ will schedule for :30
 - RTC₁₅ will schedule for :45, etc.
- Scheduling by SCUC does not guarantee the unit will run in real-time
- ➤ Units will buy out of their DAM commitment based on their schedule when called upon to start; the clearing price will be the real-time 30-minute reserve price
- Units will receive real-time LBMP at their bus for energy produced

10-Minute Start Units

- Scheduled and committed by RTC_{xx} for xx+15 or RTD-CAM, e.g.:
 - RTC₄₅ will commit for RTC₀₀
 - RTD-CAM will commit for a corrective action
- ➤ Units will buy out of their DAM commitment based on their schedule when called upon to start; the clearing price will be the real-time 10-minute non-synchronized reserve price
- Units will receive real-time LBMP at their bus for energy produced

Synchronized Units

- Scheduled by RTD or RTD-CAM
- Units may buy out of their DAM commitment based on their 10-minute synchronized reserve schedule from RTD
 - Schedule based on economics
 - Schedule from RTD-CAM for a reserve pickup (also based on economics)
- Units will receive real-time LBMP at their bus for energy produced

30-Minute Start Reserve Settlement Rules

- > Settlement made for each RTD period.
- If the reserve schedule from RTD is less than the DAM schedule the unit will buy out of its day-ahead commitment.
- ➤ For each RTD interval the unit shall pay the balancing reserve MWs multiplied by the real-time 30-minute reserve clearing price.

10-Minute Start Reserve Settlement Rules

- > Settlement made for each RTD period.
- If the reserve schedule from RTD is less than the DAM schedule the unit will buy out of its day-ahead commitment.
- > For each RTD interval the unit shall pay the balancing reserve MWs multiplied by the real-time 10-minute non-synchronized reserve clearing price.

10-Minute Synchronized Reserve Settlement Rules

- > Settlement made for each RTD period.
- ➤ If the reserve schedule from RTD or RTD-CAM is less than the DAM schedule the unit will buy out of its day-ahead commitment.
- ➤ For each RTD interval the unit shall pay the balancing reserve MWs multiplied by the real-time 10-minute synchronized reserve clearing price.

Example – The DAM

Consider a 40 MW unit capable of starting and coming up to full load within 10 minutes. A bid for HB xx is submitted in the DAM as follows:

- •Energy: 40 MW @ \$200/MWh
- •Reserve: 40 MW @ \$3/MW

The DAM clears as follows:

- •LBMP for energy: \$50
- •Clearing price for 10-minute non-synchronized reserve: \$4

Therefore, the unit is accepted for 0 MW of energy and 40 MW of 10-minute non-synchronized reserve for HB xx.

Example – Real Time, Scenario 1

The next day, RTC_{45} calculates an LBMP of \$300 for HB xx. RTC_{45} therefore schedules the unit to produce 40 MW of energy and provide 0 MW of reserve for HB xx. The unit performs as expected. RTS calculates a \$10 clearing price for 10-minute non-synchronized reserve.

Settlement is as follows:

DAM:

•Energy: 0 MW x \$50 = \$0

•Reserve: 40 MW x \$4 = \$160

Real-time:

•Energy: 40 MW x \$300 = \$12,000

•Reserve: -40 MW x \$10 = (\$400)

Total settlement: \$11,760

Example – Real Time, Scenario 2

In this scenario, the unit fails to start. Settlement will be as follows:

DAM:

•Energy: 0 MW x \$50 = \$0

•Reserve: 40 MW x \$4 = \$160

Real-time:

•Energy: 0 MW x \$300 = \$0

•Reserve: -40 MW x \$10 = (\$400)

Total settlement: (\$240)

Other Changes to BAS due to Settlement Rule Changes

- Remove requirement to purchase replacement LBMP energy for failure to perform during a reserve pickup
- > Remove LOC calculation for units providing reserve; LOC is included in the clearing price
- Remove reduction in availability payment for units that fail to perform; units buy out of their day ahead commitments based on schedule.