

Coordinated Transaction Scheduling (CTS):

Tariff Amendments

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Agenda

CTS Concept Review

- Expected Production Cost and Consumer Savings
- Tariff Amendments
- Stakeholder approval



CTS Concept

- Objective: Improve interchange scheduling efficiency
 - Underutilization of ties
 - Counterintuitive flows
- How CTS achieves this objective:
 - More frequent scheduling; 15-minute
 - Coordinated market clearing between markets
 - Eliminate cross-border fees



Expected Production Cost and Consumer Savings

- Expected Annual Production Cost Savings for 2008-2010
 - \$8.9 \$11.2 million across both regions
- Expected Annual Consumer Savings for 2008-2010
 - \$128.9 \$139.2 million across both regions
 - \$66 million to NY consumers



CTS Interface Bids

- A CTS Interface Bid is:
 - An offer to simultaneously buy and sell at each side of the interface
 - Consists of a price (\$/MWh), quantity (MW), direction (NY->NE or NE->NY) ex: \$4.00, 100 MW, NY->NE
 - If the difference between the sink price minus the source price at the time of scheduling is greater than or equal to bid \$ then the bidder is willing to be scheduled



CTS Interface Bids -*continued*

- Participants submit single CTS
 Interface Bid replacing separate RT
 bids submitted to each market (today)
- DAM transaction bidding and scheduling remain unchanged
- Tariff Impacts:
 - Defined Terms
 - MST 4.4.4 –Identifying the Pricing and Scheduling Rules That Apply to External Transactions



CTS Transaction Scheduling

- ISO-NE provides interface supply curve, updated every 15 minutes
- NYISO's RTC evaluates ISO-NE interface supply curve in conjunction with CTS Interface Bids



CTS Transaction Scheduling

- CTS transaction schedules will be established 15 minutes prior to the start of the scheduled flow and reevaluated every 15 minutes
- Tariff Impacts:
 - MST 4.4.1.4 –Posting Commitment/De-Commitment and External Transaction Scheduling Decisions



LBMP Calculation at CTS Proxy Generator Bus

- CTS transactions bare latency risk for price changes between time when schedule is set and actual flow
 - Settled at RT LBMPs
- Proxy Generator Bus Constraint from RTC carried into the real time LBMP
 - RT LBMPs will include the RTD prices, RTD losses, and RTD congestion for all constraints except the Proxy Generator Bus Constraint



LBMP Calculation at CTS Proxy Generator Bus -continued

- Congestion costs for the Proxy Generator Bus Constraint shared between the two ISOs, using allocation factor
- Tariff Impacts:
 - MST Attachment B –LBMP Calculation



Real Time Make Whole Payments

- CTS imports will be ineligible for RT BPCG
- CTS imports will be ineligible for
 Import Curtailment Guarantee
- Tariff Impacts:
 - MST Att. C –Bid Production Cost Guarantees (18.6.1.2.5)
 - MST Att. J DAM Margin Assurance and Import Curtailment Payments (25.6.1)



CTS Fee Elimination

- Reciprocal elimination of fees between ISO-NE and NYISO
- Removal of fees will lower barrier to economically efficient interchange
- NYISO fees being eliminated:
 - DAM & RT BPCG, Residuals, DAM Margin Assurance, Import Curtailment Guarantee, RS 1 NYISO Cost of Operations, Non-ISO facilities charge, Dispute Resolution, Credit for financial penalties, Voltage Support, Operating Reserves



CTS Fee Elimination -continued

- Tariff Impacts:
 - OATT RS1 –NYISO Cost of Operations and Other Non-Budget Charges and Payments
 - OATT RS2 –Voltage Support
 - OATT RS 5 –Operating Reserves



CTS Threshold Trigger to Tie Optimization

- MST Att. P (New) –identifies process for post implementation CTS performance review
- Threshold: Will trigger if foregone production cost savings from the implementation of CTS rather than the alternative solution of Tie Optimization exceed \$3m and the specified ratio of benefits exceeds 60%



Additional Tariff Changes

- CTS Related:
 - Defined Terms
 - MST Att. F –Bid Restrictions
 - OATT 16.3 Transmission Service, Schedules and Curtailment
- Ministerial (non-CTS):
 - OATT 16.2 Accounting for Transmission Losses
 - MST Att. F –Bid Restrictions
 - MST Att. B –(17.1.5 & 17.1.6.6)



Next Steps

Stakeholder approval:

- November 9, 2011 -BIC
- November 29, 2011 -MC
- December 2011 -BOD

December 2011 – File Tariff amendments



Appendix

- CTS Clearing Examples
- CTS Proxy Gen LBMP Example
- CTS Fee Elimination Impacts



CTS Clearing -Unconstrained

CTS Schedule w/o TTC Limits





CTS Clearing -Constrained

CTS Schedule w/ TTC Limits





CTS Proxy Gen LBMP Example

					NYCA	Proxy Gen Bus	
	Proxy Gen				Internal	Constraint	
	Bus				Constraint	Congestion	
	Constraint?	LBMP	Energy	Losses	Congestion	(PConstraint)*	
RTC 15	N	61	54	2	(5)		0
Rolling RTC	Y	74	63	2	(3)		(6)
RTD	N	71	65	2	(4)		0
RT LBMP		74	65	2	(4)		(3)



CTS Fee Elimination Impacts

NYISO Cross Border Charges at NY-NE Interface:* Total Annual \$





CTS Fee Elimination Impacts

NYISO Cross Border Charges at NY-NE Interface:* \$/MWh





CTS Fee Elimination Impacts

% of NYISO Fees Allocated to NY-NE Transactions





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