

# SMD2/RTS

## Qualitative Review of RTS Price Impacts

*Presentation to the  
Market Structure Working Group  
09/26/2003*

# Background

- **This project was designed to overcome the limitations of the NYISO's real-time legacy systems and to realize increased market efficiencies through improvements in real-time scheduling and dispatch.**
- **RTS is designed to increase liquidity in energy, reserves and regulation products and enhance system reliability by appropriately valuing all three products through a co-optimized solution that is consistent throughout the scheduling timeframes and reflective of system conditions from day-ahead through real-time.**

## Background

- **Some participants have raised questions regarding the potential pricing impacts of moving to the RTS design.**
- **In the absence of the end-state software, price impact discussions are qualitative.**

## Project Assessment - Review

- **The RTS design will improve market efficiency in:**
  - *Seams Improvement*
    - ▶ Improve transaction opportunities between NYISO and its neighbors
  - *Market standardization*
  - *Price signals tied more closely to system conditions*
    - ▶ To better provide long-run incentives for generation expansion and load responsiveness
- **In addition, the design will provide reductions in uplift.**

# Project Assessment - Review

## ➤ **Uplift Analysis**

- *Categories of uplift impacted include:*
  - ▶ Balancing NYISO BPCG & DAM Contract Balancing
- *Uplift reductions result from:*
  - ▶ Price consistency between real-time scheduling and dispatch
  - ▶ Ancillary service scheduling
  - ▶ Reduced out-of-merit requests
  - ▶ ¼ hour scheduling and commitment of supply
  - ▶ Improved load forecast accuracy for Real-Time Scheduling.
- *Annual reduction in uplift projected to be \$16+M*

# Market Efficiency & Uplift Improvements

- **All latent reserves are visible and available to the optimization programs for scheduling as energy or reserves**
  - Eliminates artificial scarcity sometimes seen in hourly scheduling by BME today.
  - Eliminates price inconsistencies between commitment and dispatch programs as both are operating with consistent energy, reserve and regulation constraints.
  - Real-time availability bids are \$0
- **Demand curves for Reserve and Regulation**
  - Incorporates shortage cost into both the reserve and energy prices (both day-ahead and real-time).
  - Except for an EDRP/SCR call, scarcity pricing is fully integrated into the pricing algorithms rather than administratively determined.
  - Recognition of all latent reserves to ensure shortage conditions are valid.

# Market Efficiency & Uplift Improvements

- **Clearing price for ancillary services more accurately reflects the true cost of acquiring these services**
  - Eliminates separate Lost Opportunity Cost payments recovered as uplift via RS-1.
  - Marginal LOCs incorporated into a published, and therefore more readily hedgeable clearing price.
- **Two settlement system for Ancillary Services**
  - Loads **can** purchase full ancillary service requirement in the day-ahead market.
  - Real-time balancing obligation lies with suppliers with a day-ahead schedule.
  - Eliminates additional costs in today's market due to re-optimization or procurement of replacement services in real-time.

# Market Efficiency & Uplift Improvements

- **Load forecast at ¼ hour increments**
  - New more robust real-time load forecasting tool
  - 15 minute versus hourly granularity allows greater refinement of forward load profile to better match scheduling and commitment of resources.
- **¼ hour commitment/de-commitment and scheduling of supply**
  - 10 & 30 minute start resources are brought online closer to when they are actually needed.
  - Minimizes delay in shutting down uneconomic resources that have run out their min-run times.
- **Real Time Market Power Mitigation**
  - AMP style conduct and impact testing



# Market Efficiency & Uplift Improvements

- **Units dispatched and responding consistent with pricing.**
  - RTD ability to re-optimize dispatch of energy, reserves and regulation every 5 minutes.
- **3-part bidding in real-time**
  - Start-Up, Min Gen Cost & Incremental Cost are part of RTD-CAM evaluation to commit fast-start resources.
- **Real-Time Demand Response for Reserves**
  - Potential to increase competition in reserve markets.
  - Provides a means for a load to be truly price responsive. Loads capable of responding to real-time prices would receive the reserve clearing price for the option to call on them and avoid high energy prices when actually dispatched.

# Recent Historical BME Prices

- **May represent a reasonable upper bound for RTS real-time prices given that RTD, unlike SCD today will see explicit reserve and regulation constraints.**

NYISO Markets 2003 Energy Statistics

	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August
<b><u>DAY AHEAD LBMP</u></b>								
Unweighted Price	\$61.33	\$72.81	\$73.18	\$51.58	\$46.43	\$51.45	\$57.10	\$63.43
Standard Deviation	\$20.09	\$21.12	\$29.70	\$12.47	\$14.03	\$21.27	\$11.88	\$17.67
Load Wtg.Price	\$63.81	\$75.03	\$76.25	\$53.14	\$48.47	\$55.52	\$58.93	\$66.16
<b><u>BME * LBMP</u></b>								
Unweighted Price	\$63.19	\$80.25	\$74.27	\$59.22	\$50.27	\$53.84	\$59.99	\$66.70
Standard Deviation	\$25.43	\$41.53	\$32.77	\$25.00	\$16.37	\$22.27	\$14.82	\$77.04
Load Wtg.Price	\$65.54	\$82.65	\$77.33	\$61.45	\$52.31	\$57.49	\$61.94	\$70.24
<b><u>REAL TIME LBMP</u></b>								
Unweighted Price	\$61.53	\$74.03	\$70.54	\$53.94	\$46.74	\$48.96	\$55.94	\$63.37
Standard Deviation	\$30.16	\$37.46	\$37.97	\$28.70	\$23.03	\$21.57	\$13.68	\$36.73
Load Wtg.Price	\$64.43	\$76.41	\$74.02	\$56.14	\$49.44	\$52.82	\$57.79	\$66.44
Average Daily Energy Sendout/Month GWh	458	450	418	393	382	432	497	498

# Scarcity Pricing

- **Proposed Demand Curves target price levels consistent with today's scarcity pricing levels for 10 and 30 minute shortages.**

	<b>NYCA</b>	<b>East</b>	<b>LI</b>
<b>Spin</b>	\$850	\$1,400	\$1,750
<b>10-Total</b>	\$350	\$875	\$1,200
<b>30-Total</b>	\$200	\$225	\$525

# Recapping the Benefits

<p><b>Market Features Incorporated</b></p>	<p><b>Market Efficiencies</b></p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Robust Ancillary Service Markets</li> <li>▪ Increased Control Area Interchange</li> <li>▪ Greater Security and Flexibility</li> <li>▪ Increased Capabilities for Demand Response</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Ancillary Service market pricing and settlement</li> <li>▪ Improved in-day scheduling and dispatch</li> <li>▪ Long-term incentives for generation expansion and load responsiveness</li> </ul>
<p><b>Market Leadership</b></p>	<p><b>Solution Quality</b></p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Build upon strength of SCUC</li> <li>▪ Compliance with FERC SMD</li> <li>▪ Establish NYISO markets in an SMD leadership role</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Improvements in billing, metering and auditability</li> <li>▪ Delivers software modification and enhancement flexibility</li> </ul>

# Recapping the Benefits

<b>Operational Improvements</b>	<b>Reliability Enhancements</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ¼ hour unit and transaction scheduling (where possible)</li> <li>▪ Forward looking unit ramping</li> <li>▪ Reduced Out-of-Merit</li> <li>▪ Improved GT management</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ¼ hour reliability assessments</li> <li>▪ Consistent security analysis routines</li> <li>▪ Minimize seams issues</li> <li>▪ Reduce need for reserve pickups</li> </ul>
<b>Architecture</b>	<b>Tools</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Improved system reliability</li> <li>▪ Integrated fail over and redundancy</li> <li>▪ Simulator / Training Environment</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ State Estimator</li> <li>▪ Load Forecast</li> <li>▪ Market power analysis study mode</li> </ul>

# Questions?