# **REVISED DRAFT**

# 9/9124/03 New York Independent System Operator, Inc. FERC Electric Tariff Original Volume No. 2 Sched. 4

Original Sheet No. 286

#### **Rate Schedule 4**

#### **Payments for Supplying Operating Reserves**

This Rate Schedule applies to payments to Suppliers whothat provide Operating Reserves to the ISO. Transmission Customers will purchase Operating Reserves from the ISO under <u>Rate</u> <u>Schedule 5 of</u> the ISO OATT.

#### **1.0** General Responsibilities and Requirements

#### **1.1 ISO Responsibilities**

The ISO shall <u>procure (on behalf of its Customers)</u><del>provide procedures to establish</del> adequate a sufficient quantity of each Operating Reserve <u>products that</u> comply with the Reliability Rules <u>and with other applicable reliability standards-</u>, subject to <u>possible</u> adjustments to the amount of Operating Reserves it will procure pursuant to<u>under</u> Section 7.0 of this Rate Schedule. To the extent that the ISO enters into Operating Reserve sharing agreements with neighboring Control Areas <u>theits</u> Operating Reserves requirements <u>that it must meet</u> will be reducadjusted accordingly.

The ISO shall define requirements for Spinning Reserve, which may be met only by Suppliers that are eligible, under Section 1.2 of this Rate Schedule, to provide Spinning Reserve; 10-Minute Reserve, which may be met by Suppliers that are eligible to provide either Spinning Reserve or 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve; and 30-Minute Reserve, which may be met by Suppliers that are eligible to provide any type of Operating Reserve product. The ISO shall also define locational requirements for Spinning Reserve, 10-Minute Reserve, and 30-Minute Reserve located East of Central East Excluding Long Island and on Long Island. In addition to being subject to the preceding limitations on Suppliers that can meet each of these requirements, requirements for Operating Reserve located East of Central East Excluding Long Island may only be met by eligible Suppliers that are located East of Central East Excluding Long Island, and requirements for Operating Reserve located on Long Island may only be met by eligible Suppliers that are located on Long Island may only be met by eligible Suppliers located on Long Island. Each of these Operating Reserve requirements shall be defined consistent with the Reliability Rules and other applicable reliability standards. As part of the co-optimization process, the ISO shall select providers of Operating Reserves products to meet these requirements, including locational Operating Reserve requirements. The ISO shall satisfy at least fifty (50) percent of the applicable 10 Minute Reserves requirement through Spinning Reserve, it does not have to maintain 10 Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve. The ISO may satisfy the balance of the total Operating Reserve requirement that is not met with Spinning Reserves with 30 Minute Reserves.

The ISO shall select Operating Reserves providersSuppliers that are properly located electrically so that all locational Operating Reserves requirements are satisfied, subject to possible adjustments under Section 7.0, and transmission constraints resulting from either the commitment or dispatch of unitGenerators do not limit the ISO's ability to deliver Energy to Loads in the case of a Contingency\_. The ISO will ensure that Suppliers that Capacity counted toward are compensated for using Capacity tomeeting ea provide one the ISO's Operating Reserve requirementsproduct is not simultaneously compensated unted toward for satisfying meetingproviding- another Operating Reserve product, or Regulation and Frequency Response Service, using the same Capacity (consistent with the additive Market Clearing Price calculation formulae in Sections 5.1 and 6.1 of this Rate Schedule.). another portion of those ..., or

Regulation and Frequency Response Service requirements so that Suppliers are not paid twice for providing a single service.

#### **1.2** Supplier Eligibility Criteria

The ISO shall enforce the following criteria, which define which types of Suppliers are eligible to supply particular Operating Reserve products.

- a. Spinning Reserve: Generators that are Dispatchable, ISO Committed Flexible or Self-Committed Flexible, and are operating within the D dispatchable portion of their operating range, are capable of responding to ISO instructions to change their output level within ten minutes, and are capable of producing Energy for at least thirty minutes and Interruptible Load Resources (??) that meet the criteria set forth in the ISO Procedures shall be eligible under this Rate Schedule to supply Spinning Reserve.
- b. 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve: Off-line Generators that are capable of starting, synchronizing, and increasing their output level within ten (10) minutes and that meet the criteria set forth in the ISO Procedures, and Demand-Side Resources that are capable of reducing their Energy usage within ten (10) minutes and that meet the criteria set forth in the ISO Procedures, shall be eligible, provided that they are capable of providing Energy for at least thirty minutes, under this Rate Schedule to supply 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve.
- c. 30-Minute Reserve: (i) Generators that are Dispatchable, ISO Committed <u>Flexible</u> or Self-Committed Flexible and operating within the <u>Dd</u>ispatchable portion of their operating range, and Interruptible Load Resources (??) that meet the criteria set forth in the ISO Procedures, shall be eligible under this Rate

Schedule to supply <u>synchronous</u> 30-Minute Reserves from synchronous Resources; (ii) Off-line Generators that are capable of starting, synchronizing, and increasing their output level within thirty (30) minutes and that meet the criteria set forth in the ISO Procedures, and Demand-Side Resources that are capable of reducing their Energy usage within thirty (30) minutes and that meet the criteria set forth in the ISO Procedures, shall be eligible <u>under this Rate Schedule</u> to supply non-synchronous 30-Minute Reserves. <u>from non-synchronous Resources</u>.

 d. Generators Operating in Self-Committed Fixed <u>GeneratorsMode</u>: Shall not be eligible to provide any kind of Operating Reserve.

#### **1.3 Other Supplier Requirements**

All Suppliers of Operating Reserve must be located within the NYCA and must be under ISO Operational Control. Each Supplier bidding to supply Operating Reserve must be able to provide Energy consistent with the Reliability Rules and the ISO Procedures when called upon by the ISO. All Suppliers that are selected to provide Operating Reserves shall ensure that their Resources maintain and deliver the appropriate quantity of Energy when called upon by the ISO during any interval in which they have been selected.

SuppliersGenerators or Demand-Side Resources that are selected to provide Operating Reserve in the Day-Ahead Market or any supplemental commitment may not increase their Energy Bids for portions of their Resources that have been scheduled through those processes, or reduce their commitments, in real-time except to the extent that they are directed to do so by the ISO. Subject to the limitations on Installed Capacity Suppliers, if applicable, Generators and Demand Side Resources they may enter into alternate sales arrangements utilizing any Capacity that has not been scheduled to provide Operating Reserve.

#### 2.0 General Day-Ahead Market Rules

#### 2.1 Bidding and Bid Selection

Resources capable of providing Spinning Reserve, 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve and/or 30-Minute Reserve, in the Day-Ahead commitment may submit Availability Bids for each hour of the upcoming day. If a Supplier offers Resources to supply that are capable, based on their indicated commitment status, of providing Operating Reserves but does not submit an Availability Bid it will be assigned a Day-Ahead Availability bid of \$0/MWh.

The ISO may schedule Resources that makes themselves available to provide Operating Reserves up to the following maximum Operating Reserve levels: (i) for Spinning Reserves, the Resource's emergency response rate multiplied by ten; (ii) for 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves, the Resource's  $UOL_N$  or  $UOL_E$ , depending on which is applicable at the relevant time; (iii) for synchronous 30-Minute Reserves, the Resource's emergency response rate multiplied by thirty; and (iv) for non-synchronous 30-Minute Reserves, (????) However, the sum of the amount of Energy each Resource is scheduled to provide, the amount of Regulation and Frequency Response Service it is scheduled to provide, and the amount of each Operating Reserves product it is scheduled to provide shall not exceed its  $UOL_N$  or  $UOL_E$ , which ever is applicable.

The ISO shall select Operating Reserve Suppliers for each hour of the upcoming day through its<u>a</u> <u>-co-optimized</u> Day-Ahead commitment <u>process that minimizes the total cost of</u> <u>Energy, Operating Reserves and Regulation Service</u>, using Bids <del>provided by the</del> <u>Supplierssubmitted</u> pursuant to Article 4.2 of, and Attachment D to, this ISO Services Tariff. As part of th<u>e co-optimization</u> process, the ISO shall determine how much of each locational Operating Reserves product <del>eachparticular</del> Suppliers will be required to provide <u>in light of the</u> <u>Reliability Rules and other applicable reliability-standards</u>.

#### 2.2 ISO Notice Requirement

The ISO shall notify each Operating Reserve Supplier that has been selected in the Day-Ahead Schedule of the amount of each Operating Reserve product that it has been scheduled to provide.

# 2.3 Responsibilities of Suppliers Scheduled to Provide Operating Reserves in the Day-Ahead Market

Suppliers of Spinning Reservethat are -scheduled Day-Ahead shall eitherto provide Spinning Reserve shall either provide Spinning Reserve or shall-generate Energy in real-time when they are scheduled by the ISO in all hours for which they have been selected to provide Spinning Reserve. However, Suppliers of Spinning Reserve that are scheduled Day-Ahead and have startup periods of two hours or less may advise the ISO three hours prior to the first hour of their Day-Ahead schedule that they will not be available to provide Spinning Reserves or Energy in real-time under normal conditions. Such Suppliers will be required to settle their Day-Ahead schedule at real-time prices pursuant to Section \_\_\_\_\_ of this Rate Schedule. The only restriction on Suppliers' ability to exercise this option is that all Suppliers with Day-Ahead Spinning Reserves schedules must make the scheduled amount of Capacity available to the ISO for dispatch in the RTD if the ISO initiates a Supplemental Resource Evaluation.

requested by the ISO to do so, in all hours for which they have been selected to provide Spinning Reserve.

Suppliers of 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve and/or 30-Minute Reserve scheduled Day-Ahead shall provide 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve and/or 30-Minute Reserve or shall generate Energy in real-time for all hours in which they have been scheduled to provide 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve and/or 30-Minute Reserve.

#### 3.0 General Real-Time Market Rules

#### 3.1 Bid Selection

The ISO will automatically select Operating Reserves Suppliers in real-time from eligible

Energy-Resources that have submitted <u>FR</u>eal-<u>tT</u>ime <u>Energy</u>-Bids pursuant to Section 4.4 of<u>.</u> and <u>Attachment D to</u>, thise Services Tariff. All Suppliers will automatically be assigned a real-time Operating Reserves Availability bid of \$0/M<u>Wwh</u>. Suppliers will thus be selected on the basis of their <u>rampresponse</u> rates, their applicable upper operating limit, and their Energy Bid (which will reflect their opportunity costs) through a co-optimized real-time commitment process that <u>minimizes the total cost of Energy, Regulation Service and Operating Reserves</u>. –As part of thies process, the ISO shall determine how much of each locational Operating Reserves product <u>eachparticular</u>-Suppliers will be required to provide in light of the Reliability Rules and other applicable reliability standards. -

#### **3.2 ISO Notice Requirement**

The ISO shall notify each Supplier of Operating Reserve that has been selected in the real-time schedule dispatch of the amount of Operating Reserve that it must provide.

#### 3.3 Obligation to Make Resources Available to Provide Operating Reserves

Any <u>SupplierResource that is eligible to supply Operating Reserves and that offers to</u> make a Resource is made available to the ISO for dispatch in Real-Time must also make that <u>Resource itself</u> available to provide Operating Reserves.

#### **3.4** Activation of Operating Reserves

All <u>SuppliersResources</u> that are selected by the ISO to provide Operating Reserves shall respond to the ISO's directions to activate in real-time.

#### 3.5 Performance Tracking and Supplier Disqualifications

When a <u>SupplierGenerator selected to supply</u>-of-Operating Reserves is activated, the ISO shall measure and track its actual Energy production against its expected performance in realtime. The ISO may disqualify <u>SuppliersGenerators</u> that consistently fail to provide Energy when called upon to do so in real-time from providing Operating Reserves in the future. If a

Supplier<u>Resource</u> has been disqualified, the ISO shall require it to pass a re-qualification test before accepting any additional Bids to supply Operating Reserves from it. Disqualification and re-qualification criteria shall be set forth in the ISO Procedures.

#### 4.0 **Operating Reserves Settlements – General Rules**

#### 4.1 Establishing Locational Reserve Prices

Except as noted below, the ISO shall calculate separate Day-Ahead Market and Real-Time Market prices for each of the three Operating Reserve products atfor each of three locations: (i) the NYCA wWest of eCentral-eEast ("West" or "Western"); (ii) eEast of eCentraleEast eExcluding Long Island ("East" or "Eastern"); and (iii) Long Island ("L.I."). The ISO will thus calculate nine different locational <u>Operating Reserve</u> reserve-prices in both the Day-Ahead Market and the Real-Time Market. Day-Ahead locational reserve prices shall be calculated pursuant to Section 5.0 of this Rate Schedule. Real-Time locational reserve prices shall be calculated pursuant to Section 6.0 of this Rate Schedule. (We need to decide how we are going

# to "define" Central-East. Tying it to the Load Zones seems reasonable to me.)

### 4.2 Settlements Involving Suppliers of Operating Reserves Located on Long Island

Suppliers of Operating Reserves located on Long Island shall receive settlement payments as if they were providing Operating Reserves located in the East. The ISO will calculate separate locational Long Island Operating Reserves prices but will not use them in settlements or post them or use them for settlement purposes.

#### 4.3 "Cascading" of <u>Operating Reserves</u>Ancillary Services

The ISO will substitute higher quality Operating Reserves in place of lower quality Operating Reserves, when doing so lowers the total as-bid cost, *i.e.*, when the marginal cost for the higher quality Operating Reserve product is lower than the marginal cost for the lower

quality Operating Reserve product. To the extent, however, that reliability standards require the use of higher quality Operating Reserves, substitution cannot be made in the opposite direction.

The price of higher quality, *i.e.*, more rapidly responsive, Operating Reserves will not be set at a price below the price of lower quality Operating Reserves in the same location. Thus, the price of Spinning Reserves will not be below the price for 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves or 30-Minute Reserves and the clearing price for 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves will not be below the clearing price for 30-Minute Reserves.

#### 5.0 Operating Reserve Settlements – Day-Ahead Market

#### 5.1 Calculation of Day-Ahead Market Clearing Prices

The ISO shall calculate hourly Day-Ahead Market Clearing Prices for each Operating Reserve product at each location. Each Day-Ahead Market Clearing Price shall equal the sum of the relevant Day-Ahead locational Shadow Prices for that product <u>in that hour</u>, subject to the restriction described in Section 4.3 of this Rate Schedule.

The Day-Ahead Market Clearing Price for a particular Operating Reserve product in a particular location shall reflect the Shadow Prices associated with all of the locational-Operating Reserve requirements, including locational requirements, that a particular <u>Operating Reserves</u> product\_-from a particular location may be used to satisfy in a given hour. The ISO shall calculate the Day-Ahead Market Clearing Prices using the following formulae:

Sum of Relevant Shadow Market Clearing Prices for total Western 30-Minute Reserves = \_SP1 <u>Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow</u>-Prices for total Western 10-Minute-<u>Non-Synchronized</u> Reserves = SP1 + SP2

<u>Market Clearing Price</u> Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices for total<u>Western</u> Spinning Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP3

Market Clearing PriceSum of Relevant Shadow Prices for Eastern or L.I. 30-Minute Reserves = SP1 +

SP4

Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow-Prices for Eastern or L.I. 10-Minute Non-Synchronized

Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP4 + SP5

<u>Market Clearing</u> Sum of Relevant Shadow-Prices for Eastern-or L.I.\_Spinning Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP3 + SP4 + SP5 + SP6

Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow-Prices for L.I. 30-Minute Reserves = SP1 + SP4 + SP7

<u>Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow</u>\_Prices for L.I. 10-Minute <u>Non-Synchronized</u> Reserves = SP1

+ SP2 + SP4 + SP5 + SP7 + SP8

<u>Market Clearing</u> <u>Sum of Relevant Shadow</u>-Price<u>s ff</u>or L.I. Spinning Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP3 + SP4 + SP5 + SP6 + SP7 + SP8 + SP9

Where:

SP1	=	Shadow Price for total 30-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP2	=	Shadow Price for total 10-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP3	=	Shadow Price for total Spinning Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP4	=	Shadow Price for Eastern or L.I. 30-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP5	=	Shadow Price for Eastern or L.I. 10-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP6	=	Shadow Price for Eastern or L.I. Spinning Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP7	=	Shadow Price for Long Island 30-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP8	=	Shadow Price for Long Island 10-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the hour
SP9	=	Shadow Price for Long Island Spinning Reserve requirement constraint for the hour

Day-Ahead locational shadow prices will be calculated by the <u>ISO's-SCUC\_program.</u> Each <u>Day-Ahead Market Clearing Price\_sum of relevant Day-Ahead locational shadow prices</u> <u>shall include the\_Lost Opportunity Costs and Availability Bids of the marginal Resource</u> <u>selected during the fifth SCUC pass, described in Section \_\_\_\_\_\_of Attachment B to this ISO</u> <u>Services Tariff, and Section \_\_\_\_\_\_of Attachment J to the ISO OATT, that is selected to provide</u> <u>Operating Reserves in that hourwill take account of reflect Suppliers'the\_Availability Bids and</u>

<u>Lost oOpportunity cCosts of all Resources selected to provide the relevant Operating Reserve</u> <u>Product in that hour</u>. Shadow Prices will also reflect<u>be consistent with</u> the Operating Reserve Demand Curves described in Section 7.0 of this Rate Schedule, which will ensure that Operating Reserves are not procured<u>scheduled by SCUC</u> at a cost greater than the relevant Operating Reserve Demand Curve indicates should be paid. If more Operating Reserve of a particular quality is scheduled to meet a particular locational Operating Reserve requirement the Shadow Price for that Operating Reserve requirement constraint shall be set at zero.

Each Supplier that is scheduled Day-Ahead to provide Operating Reserve shall be paid the applicable Day-Ahead Market Clearing Price, based on its location and the quality of <u>Operating FR</u>eserve scheduled, multiplied by the amount of Operating Reserve that the Supplier is scheduled to provide in each hour.

#### 5.2. Other Day-Ahead Payments

As is provided in Article 4 and Attachment C of the Services Tariff, the ISO shall compensate each <u>DispatchableISO-Committed Flexible</u> or Self-Committed Flexible Generator providing Operating Reserves if its Bid Production Cost to provide the Energy and Ancillary Services it is scheduled to supply in the Day-Ahead Market, including start-up costs, minimum Load costs, and Availability Bids, exceeds the revenues it receives from the sale of Energy and Ancillary Services.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Rate Schedule, no Day-Ahead Market payments shall be made to any Supplier providing Operating Reserves in excess of the amount of Operating Reserves scheduled by the ISO in the Day-Ahead Market.

#### 6.0 Operating Reserve Settlements – Real-Time Market

#### 6.1 Calculation of Real-Time Market Clearing Prices

The ISO shall calculate Real-Time Market Clearing Prices for each Operating Reserve

product for each location in every interval. Each real-time Market-Clearing Price shall equal the sum of the relevant real-time locational Shadow Prices for that product, subject to the restriction described in Section 4.3 of this Rate Schedule.

The Real-Time Market Clearing Price for a particular Operating Reserve product shall reflect the Shadow Prices associated with all of the locational Operating Reserve requirements, including locational requirements, that a particular <u>Operating Reserves product from a particular</u> location may be used to satisfy in a given interval. The ISO shall calculate the Real-Time Market Clearing Price using the following formulae:

<u>Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices for total Western</u> 30-Minute Reserves = SP1 <u>Market Clearing Price Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices for total Western</u> 10-Minute-<u>Non-Synchronized</u> Reserves = SP1 + SP2

<u>Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow</u> Prices for total<u>Western</u> Spinning Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP3

<u>Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow</u>-Prices for Eastern <del>or L.I.</del> 30-Minute Reserves = SP1 + SP4 <u>Market Clearing Sum of Relevant Shadow</u>-Prices for Eastern <del>or L.I.</del> 10-Minute <u>Non-Synchronized</u> Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP4 + SP5

<u>Market Clearing Price</u> Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices for Eastern or L.I. Spinning Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP3 + SP4 + SP5 + SP6

Market Clearing Price Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices for L.I. 30-Minute Reserves = SP1 + SP4 + SP7

<u>Market Clearing Price</u> Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices for L.I. 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves =

SP1 + SP2 + SP4 + SP5 + SP7 + SP8

<u>Market Clearing Price</u> <u>Sum of Relevant Shadow Prices</u> for L.I. Spinning Reserves = SP1 + SP2 + SP3 + SP4 + SP5 + SP6 +

SP7 + SP8 + SP9

Where:

SP1	=	Shadow Price for total 30-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP2	=	Shadow Price for total 10-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP3	=	Shadow Price for total Spinning Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP4	=	Shadow Price for Eastern or L.I. 30-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP5	=	Shadow Price for Eastern or L.I. 10-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP6	=	Shadow Price for Eastern or L.I. Spinning Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP7	=	Shadow Price for Long Island 30-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP8	=	Shadow Price for Long Island 10-Minute Reserve requirement constraint for the interval
SP9	=	Shadow Price for Long Island Spinning Reserve requirement constraint for the interval

Real-time locational <u>sS</u>hadow <u>pP</u>rices will be calculated by the ISO's RTD. and RTD-

CAM programs. Each sum of relevant real-time locational Shadow Pricesreal-time Market Clearing Price shall include the Lost Opportunity Costs of the marginal Resource, based on the third Real-Time Dispatch pass, described in Section \_\_\_\_\_\_ of Attachment B to this ISO Services Tariff and Section \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Attachment J to the ISO OATT, that is selected to provide Operating Reserves in that interval.\_\_will take account of reflect Suppliers' opportunity costs<u>the Lost</u> Opportunity Costs of all Resources selected to provide the relevant Operating Reserve Product in that interval.\_ (real-time Availability Bid Prices will also be taken into account but be considered but shallthey will always equal zero pursuant to Section 3.1 of this Rate Schedule). Shadow Prices will also reflect<u>be consistent with</u> the Operating Reserve Demand Curves described in Section 7.0 of this Rate Schedule, which will ensure that Operating Reserve Demand Curve indicates should be paid. If there is more Operating Reserve of the required quality than is needed to meet a particular locational Operating Reserve requirement then the Shadow Price for that Operating Reserve requirement constraint shall be zero. Each Supplier that is scheduled <u>in real-time Day-Ahead</u> to provide Operating Reserve shall be paid the applicable <u>Day-Aheadreal-time</u> Market Clearing Price, based on its location and the quality of <u>Operating  $\mathbf{FR}$ </u> eserve scheduled, multiplied by the amount of Operating Reserve that the Supplier is scheduled to provide in each <u>hourinterval</u>.

#### 6.2 **Operating Reserve Balancing Payments**

Any deviation in performance from a Supplier's Day-Ahead schedule to provide Operating Reserves, including deviations that result from schedule modifications made by the ISO, shall be settled pursuant to the following rules.

- (a) When the Supplier's real-time Operating Reserves schedule is less than its assigned Day-Ahead Operating Reserves schedule, the Supplier shall pay a charge for the imbalance equal to the product of: (ai) the Real-Time Market Clearing Price for the relevant Operating Reserves Product in the relevant location; and (bii) the difference between the Supplier's scheduled Day-Ahead and real-time Operating Reserves award and its real-time Operating Reserves schedules.
- (b) When the Supplier's real-time Operating Reserves schedule is greater than its assigned Day-Ahead Operating Reserves schedule, the ISO shall pay the Supplier an amount to compensate it for the imbalance equal to the product of: (ai) the Real-Time Market Clearing Price for the relevant Operating Reserve product in the relevant location; and (bii) the difference between the Supplier's scheduled Day-Ahead and real-time Operating Reserves award and its real-time Operating Reserves schedules.

#### 6.3. Other Real-Time Payments

The ISO shall pay Generators that are selected to provide Operating Reserves, but are

directed to convert to Energy production in real-time, the applicable Real-Time LBMP for all Energy they are directed to produce in excess of their Day-Ahead schedule. Demand-Side Resources that are instructed to "produce" Energy by reducing demand <u>below their Day-Ahead</u> <u>schedule</u> shall be paid the applicable Real-Time LBMP.

As is provided in Article 4<u>.10</u> and Attachment C of the Services Tariff, the ISO shall compensate each <u>DispatchableISO Committed Flexible</u> or <u>Self-Committed Flexible</u> Generator providing Operating Reserves if its Bid Production Cost to provide the Energy and Ancillary Services it is scheduled to supply in the Real-Time Market, including start-up costs, <u>and</u> minimum Load costs<del>, and Availability Bids,</del> exceeds the revenues it receives from the sale of Energy and Ancillary Services.

Any Supplier that provides Energy during a "large event" reserve pickup or a maximum generation event, as described in Sections 4.4.4(A) (1) and (2) of this ISO Services Tariff shall be eligible for a Bid Production Cost guarantee payment calculated solely for the duration of the large event reserve pickup or maximum generation event. (Placeholder for BPCG formula to be added.)

- <u>Finally, whenever a Resource's real-time Operating Reserves schedule is reduced by the</u> <u>ISO to a level lower than its Day-Ahead schedule for that product, the Resource's Day-Ahead</u> <u>Margin shall be protected after accounting for any margin associated with additional MWs of</u> <u>other products that the Resource is scheduled to provide in real-time. The rules governing the</u> <u>calculation of these Day-Ahead Margin Assurance Payments are set forth in Attachment J to this</u> ISO Services Tariff.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Rate Schedule, no Real-Time Market payments shall be made to any Supplier providing Operating Reserves in excess of the amount of Operating Reserves scheduled by the ISO in the Real-Time Market.

#### 7.0 **Operating Reserve Demand Curves**

The ISO shall establish nine Operating Reserve Demand Curves, one for each Operating Reserves requirement. Specifically, there shall be a demand curve for: (i) Total Spinning Reserves; (ii) Eastern or Long Island Spinning Reserves, (iii) Long Island Spinning Reserves; (iv) Total 10-Minute Non-Syncrhonized Reserves; (v) Eastern or Long Island 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves; (vi) Long Island 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves; (vii) Total 30-Minute Reserves; (viii) Eastern or Long Island 30-Minute Reserves; and (ix) Long Island 30-Minute Reserves. Each Operating Reserve Demand Curve will apply to both the Day-Ahead Market and the Real-Time **m**<u>M</u>arket for the relevant product and location.

The Market Clearing Prices for Operating Reserves <u>shall be</u> calculated pursuant to Sections 5.1 and 6.1 of this Rate Schedule<del>, shall reflectand in a manner consistent with</del> the demand curves established in this Section so that Operating Reserves are not purchased at a cost higher than the relevant demand curve indicates should be paid.

The Operating Reserve Demand Curves shall be established at the following <u>quantity and</u> <u>price points: .... ISO Procedures shall establish a target level for each Operating Reserves</u> <u>requirement for each hour, which will be the number of MW of Operating Reserves meeting that</u> <u>requirement that the ISO would seek to maintain in that hour if cost were not a consideration.</u> <u>The ISO will then define an Operating Reserves demand curve for that hour corresponding to</u> <u>each Operating Reserves requirement as follows:</u>

(a) Total Spinning Reserves: For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the total Spinning Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement, the price on the total Spinning Reserves demand curve shall be \$500/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the total Spinning Reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW.

- (b) Eastern or Long Island Spinning Reserves: For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the Eastern or Long Island Spinning Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement, the price on the Eastern or Long Island Spinning Reserves demand curve shall be \$25/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the Eastern or Long Island Spinning Reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW.
- (c) Long Island Spinning Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the
  Long Island Spinning Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the
  target level for that requirement, the price on the Long Island Spinning Reserves
  demand curve shall be \$25/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the Long
  Island

Spinning Reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW.

- (d) Total 10-Minute Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the total
  <u>10-minute reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for</u>
  <u>that requirement, the price on the total 10-minute reserves demand curve shall be</u>
  <u>\$150/MW.</u> For all other quantities, the price on the total 10-minute reserves
  <u>demand curve shall be \$0/MW.</u>
- (e) Eastern or Long Island 10-Minute Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the Eastern or Long Island 10-minute reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement, the price on the Eastern or Long Island 10-minute reserves demand curve shall be \$500/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the Eastern or Long Island 10-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW.

- (f) Long Island 10-Minute Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the Long Island 10-minute reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement, the price on the Long Island 10-minute reserves demand curve shall be \$25/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the Long Island 10-minute reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW.
- (g) Total 30-Minute Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the total 30-Minute Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement minus 400 MW, the price on the total 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$200/MW. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the total 30-Minute Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement minus 200 MW but that exceed the target level for that requirement minus 400 MW, the price on the total 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$100/MW. For quantities of Operating Reserves demand curve shall be \$100/MW. For quantities of Operating Reserves demand curve shall be \$100/MW. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the total 30-Minute Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement but that exceed the target level for that requirement but that exceed the target level for that requirement minus 200 MW, the price on the total 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$50/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the total 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW. However, the ISO will not schedule more total 30-Minute Reserves than the level defined by the requirement for that hour.
- (h) Eastern or Long Island 30-Minute Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the Eastern or Long Island 30-Minute Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement, the price on the Eastern or Long Island 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$25/MW. For all other

<u>quantities, the price on the Eastern or Long Island 30-Minute Reserves demand</u> <u>curve shall be \$0/MW.</u>

 (i) Long Island 30-Minute Reserves. For quantities of Operating Reserves meeting the Long Island 30-Minute Reserves requirement that are less than or equal to the target level for that requirement, the price on the Long Island 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$300/MW. For all other quantities, the price on the Long Island 30-Minute Reserves demand curve shall be \$0/MW.

# Spinning Reserve:

- Western @ \$500/MW
- Eastern @ \$25/MW
- Long Island @ \$25/MW

## Total 10-Minute Reserve

- Western @ \$150/MW
- Eastern @ \$500/MW
- Long Island @ \$25/MW

<u> 30-Minute Reserve</u>

Western

<u>200 MW @ \$ 50/MW</u>

<u>200 MW @ \$ 100/MW</u>

Remainder of Requirement @ \$200/MW

Eastern @ \$25/MW

Long Island @ \$300/MW

The ISO, however, shall have the authority to temporarily modify these quantity and

price points in order to permit an effective response to operational or reliability problems that arise in real-time. <u>The ISO will consult with its independent market advisor as soon as possible</u> regarding any such modifications. In the event that it is necessary to make such a temporary modification, the ISO will post the modified points as soon as possible. It will also be required to report on the reasons for, and duration of, any modification to the members of the Business Issues Committee as soon as possible. <u>The ISO may keep the modified points in effect for up to one hundred twenty days</u>. <u>The ISO must post a notice of any such decision as soon as possible</u>. <u>The ISO must also give at least two days notice before returning to the quantity and price points</u> specified above. Permanent changes to the quantity and price points can only be made pursuant to a filing under Section 205 or 206 of the FPA.

A periodic independent review of the Operating Reserve Demand Curves will be performed in accordance with the ISO Procedures to determine whether the parameters of the each Operating Reserve Demand Curve should be adjusted.

#### 8.0 Self-Supply

Transactions may be entered into to provide for Self-Supply of Operating Reserves. Except as noted in the next paragraph, Customers seeking to Self-Supply Operating Reserves must place the Generator(s) supplying any one of the Operating Reserves under ISO control. The Generator(s) must meet ISO rules for acceptability. The amount that any such Customer will be charged for Operating Reserves will be reduced by the market value of the services provided by the specified Generator(s) as determined in the ISO Services Tariff.

Alternatively, Customers, including LSEs, may enter into Day-Ahead Bilateral financial Transactions, *e.g.*, contracts-for-differences, in order to hedge against price volatility in the Operating Reserves markets.