Generator

<u>NYISO</u> Expectations <u>of Generator Operation</u> During a Gas

Introduction:

On days when gas system reliability could be at risk, the Local Distribution Company (("LDC);"), interstate or intrastate gas pipeline may, as permitted by its Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC") or New York Public Service Commission ("NYPSC") approved tariffs or customer contract, invoke an Operational Flow Order (("OFO)") or issue other instructions restricting use of gas imbalance service. <u>Under extreme</u> circumstances, interruptible customers may also have their gas service interrupted to protect gas system reliability. Unlimited use of balancing gas by generatorsGenerators could, in some circumstances, endanger gas system reliability. This document is applicable to all generatorsGenerators that are available to be Bid into the NYISO markets, but for or subject to potential fuel limitations.

When the Generator's LDC or pipeline has issued an OFO, or instructions other legally authorized instruction restricting imbalance usage, the use of gas balancing services, a Generator may be subject to unauthorized use charges or to penalties for incurring gas imbalances that exceed certain limited tolerances specified in the OFO or instruction. As a general practice, the NYISO will not ordinarily permit inclusion in generatorGenerator reference levels of unauthorized use charges or penalties for violating Operational Flow Orders or for violating legally authorized LDC/pipeline instructions restricting gas usage. However, if and to the extent that a Market Party has obtained specific authorized or subject to a penalty, the ISONYISO shall not consider such usage to be unauthorized use. Market Parties shall make every effort to clearly document authorization they obtain from an LDC or pipeline. Documentation obtained after the fact will be considered.

This document describes the NYISO's expectations for entities that Bid into the NYISO administered markets during times when an Operational Flow Order (OFO) or other <u>legally authorized</u> instructions restricting <u>imbalance usagethe use of balancing services</u> are in effect. <u>This guide is written in general terms that may not apply to a Generator's unique circumstances.</u>

Installed Capacity Providers have an obligation to Bid, schedule, or notify for all hours in the Day-Ahead Market ("DAM") in accordance with Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff ("Services Tariff") Section 5.12.7. In addition to the Services Tariff requirements for Installed Capacity Providers, it is <u>generally</u> expected that any available <u>generatorGenerator</u> that is acting in a competitive manner would be bidding into both the Day-Ahead Market and the Real-Time Market. <u>Nothing in this document alters NYISO's</u> <u>economic withholding rules.</u> This guide is written in general terms that may not apply to a Generator's unique <u>circumstances.</u>

Nothing in this document circumvents NYISO's Economic withholding rules.

General Statements:

For the purpose of this document, the term "portfolio" refers to gas balancing <u>portfolios</u>resources available to <u>one or more Generator(s) by contract or tariff</u>.

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For purposes of this document, the term "OFO" refers to a legally authorized Operational Flow Order issued by the LDC or pipeline to which a Generator is interconnected.

For purposes of this document, the term "interruption" refers to a legally authorized notice of interruption or temporary service discontinuance issued by the LDC or pipeline to which the Generator is interconnected.

The failure of a gas-only Generator to offer additional incremental <u>Energy or Ancillary Services</u> (in excess of its scheduled MWs) <u>energy or ancillary services</u> in real-time during an OFO due to the inability <u>of the Generator</u> to obtain <u>or deliver gas</u>, to the Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter as a result of the OFO would be deemed conduct consistent with competitive behavior for purposes of physical withholding evaluations conducted pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures (Services Tariff Section 23).

If an interruption of gas service occurs before Day Ahead Market Bid window closes, gasGas-only generatorsGenerators are not expected to Bid into the Day-Ahead Market to the extent they are unable to obtain fuel. Such generatorsor deliver gas to the Generator's burner tip. If an interruption of gas transportation service is announced by a gas transportation service provider before the Day-Ahead Market Bid window closes, a Generator would be expected to notify NYISO outage scheduling of a forced outage (to the extent it is unable to obtain or deliver gas to the Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter. See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting Section).

If an interruption of gas service occurs after a gas-only <u>generatorGenerator</u> receives a Day-Ahead <u>Market</u> schedule, the <u>generatorGenerator</u> is expected to <u>deratebe derated</u> for "lack of fuel" (<u>Seesee Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting<u>-Section</u>), and is expected to notify the NYISO of its unavailability due to lack of fuel through its <u>Transmission Owner ("TO-").</u>

1. Daily Operational Flow Order (OFO)

During a daily OFO, the following rules apply:

1.1 Gas Only Generators – Single Generator

1.1.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

- Since one electric day spans portions of two gas days, Generators' Bids should consider the OFO for the appropriate 24-hour gas day.
- A Generator is expected to reflect any costs (risks) associated with operating during an OFO period in its Bidsand for complying with the OFO restrictions in its Bids. Consistent with Services Tariff Section 23.3.1.4.6.2, charges associated with violating an OFO may not be included in Generator reference levels.

1.1.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

• A gas-only Generator is not expected to offer additional, incremental Energy or Ancillary Services in real-time during an OFO if it cannot procureobtain or deliver additional gas to the

<u>Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter</u> or would have to use unauthorized <u>natural</u> gas services to satisfy its Energy or Ancillary Services offer.

- A <u>gas-only</u> Generator is expected to offer into the Real-Time Market <u>during-whenever it is</u> <u>capable of obtaining or delivering gas to</u> the <u>available gas nomination periodsGenerator's</u> <u>pipeline meter or LDC meter and operating in real-time</u>, even if the Generator was not awarded a Day-Ahead Market schedule.
- A<u>gas-only</u> Generator is expected to offer into the Real-Time Market-<u>during the available gas</u> nomination periods if the Generator was awarded a Day-Ahead Ancillary Services schedule for hours outside the available gas nomination period.
- If a Generator is unable to or chooses not to offer in the Real-Time Market during the period it was awarded a Day-Ahead Ancillary Services schedule, the Generator must be derated to 0 MW for that time period. (See theSection 4.0 GADS Reporting section in this Users Guide for details on reporting derates in GADS).
- The failure of a gas-only Generator to offer additional incremental Energy or Ancillary Services (in excess of its Day-Ahead scheduled MWs) in real-time, during an OFO, due to the inability to obtain gasor deliver additional gas to the Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter would not be considered physical withholding pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures (Services Tariff Section 23).

1.2 Dual Fuel Generators – Single Generator

1.2.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

A dual-fuel Generator that has been assigned a default reference fuel type of gas, but is unable to obtain gasor deliver gas to the Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter due to an OFO, might nonetheless be able to run on oil for the day. In such circumstances, the Generator is expected to include a fuel type adjustment (from gas to oil) in its Market Information System (("MIS) bid") Bid form.

1.2.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

Generators that wouldare otherwise be-available, but for the inability to obtain gas due to an OFO, are expected to Bid for all hours of the Real-Time Market. A dual-fuel Generator that has been assigned a default reference fuel type of gas, but is unable to obtain gasor deliver additional gas to the Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter due to an OFO, might nonetheless be able to run on oil for the day. In such circumstances, it is expected the generatorGenerator will include a fuel type adjustment (from gas to oil) in its Market Information System (MIS) bid_Bid form. If a generatorGenerator has sufficient oil, but fails to offer into the RTReal-Time Market on oil, the generatorGenerator will be reviewed for possible physical withholding pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures

(Services Tariff Section 23) and the <u>generatorGenerator</u> is expected to report this appropriately in GADS-(.__See the "Section 4.0 GADS Reporting" section for details on how to report this derate in GADS)...

1.3 Portfolio (combination of gas only & dual fuel generatorsGenerators)

1.3.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

- A Generator is expected to reflect any costs (risks) associated with operating during an OFO period in its Day-Ahead Market Bidsand for complying with the OFO restrictions in its Bids. Consistent with Services Tariff Section 23.3.1.4.6.2, charges associated with violating an OFO may not be included in Generator reference levels.
- Alternatively, to the extent a dual-fuel Generator reasonably expects it will be unable to obtain gasor deliver additional gas to the Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter it could Bid on its alternate fuel during an OFO period.

1.3.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

- Generators that wouldare otherwise be available, but for the inability to obtain gas due to an OFO, are expected to Bid MWs in the Real-Time Market that were not scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market. Generators are expected to Bid additional available capacity into the Real-Time Market when the portfolio can operate within the balancing service allowed during the OFO.
- Generators that have sufficient oil are expected to Bid into the Real-Time Market.
- If, due to an OFO, a Generator cannot <u>secureobtain or deliver</u> sufficient gas to <u>its pipeline</u> <u>meter or LDC meter to</u> meet the Generator's Day-Ahead <u>Market</u> schedule, and no alternative fuel is available, the NYISO expects the Generator to take a forced outage-(.__See <u>Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting-<u>Section</u>)...
- If a Generator with sufficient oil chooses not to Bid into the Real-Time Market, the Generator must derate to 0 mw (MW. See the "Section 4.0 GADS Reporting" section for details on how to report this derate in GADS). Generators are expected to Bid additional available capacity ininto the Real-Time Market outside the available gas nomination periods when the portfolio can operate within the balancing service allowed during the OFO.

1.4 Portfolio (Gas-only generators) Generators)

1.4.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

• A Generator is expected to reflect any costs (risks) associated with operating during an OFO period in its Day Ahead Market Bidsand for complying with the OFO restrictions in its Bids.

<u>Consistent with Services Tariff Section 23.3.1.4.6.2, charges associated with violating an</u> <u>OFO may not be included in Generator reference levels</u>.

 If, due to an OFO, a gas-only Generator does not expect to be able to secureobtain or deliver sufficient gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter to support bidding into the Day-Ahead Market, the NYISO expects the Generator to take a forced outage (See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting Section) and is expected to notify outage scheduling.

1.4.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

- Generators that are able to nominateobtain or deliver gas to the Generator's pipeline meter or <u>LDC meter</u> are expected to bidBid in the Real-Time Market-during the available gas nomination periods.
- Generators are expected to Bid additional available capacity in the Real-Time Market outside the available gas nomination periods when the portfolio can operate within the balancing service allowed during the OFO.
- If, due to an OFO, a gas-only Generator cannot secureobtain or deliver sufficient gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter to meet the Generator's Day-Ahead schedule, the NYISO expects the Generator to take a forced outage (See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting Section) and is expected to notify the NYISO of its unavailability due to lack of fuel through its TO.

<u>Example #1:</u>

The NYISO would expect a gas-only portfolio to stack the <u>generatorsGenerators</u> by heat rate (cost). If a portfolio knows that they could have five of their <u>generatorsGenerators</u> receive Real-Time Market schedules, and they could-without violating an OFO instruction requiring Generators to stay within the 2% portfolio restriction of their daily schedule, then they should offer those five <u>generatorsGenerators</u> in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market. It would be considered consistent with competitive behavior to not Bid the remaining <u>generatorsGenerators</u> in the portfolio into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market.

Example #2:

When bidding into the RTReal-Time Market, a gas-only portfolio must take into consideration that the current bidding hour impacts the second<u>future</u> bidding <u>hourhours</u>. If a gas-only portfolio assumes full commitment for the <u>secondnext</u> bidding hour, and would still have bandwidth for theto abide by an OFO instruction to remain within 2% portfolio restriction<u>of</u> their daily schedule with full commitment, then the portfolio should continue to Bid for the following hour. If the portfolio assumes full commitment for the second bidding hour and would have no bandwidth forwithin the 2% portfolio restriction, then they would not be considered physical withholding pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures (Services Tariff Section 23) if they didn't<u>did not</u> Bid all of their generators<u>Generators</u> for the following hour.

Example #3:

If the portfolio is on track to under burn for the day in comparison to theirits gas nomination ("(*i.e.*, "long on gas"), the expectation would be that the generatorGenerator asset owner would offer into the Real-Time Market MWs not scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market. However, if producing an additional MW puts the portfolio into a situation whichthat violates the OFO, then the NYISO would not find the generatorGenerators to be physically withholding if they didn't offer into the Real-Time Market. If producing an additional MW does not put the portfolio into a situation whichthat violates the OFO, then the NYISO would expect the portfolio to offer. If the portfolio is not offered in this situation, then the generatorGenerators not offered would be evaluated for Physical Withholdingphysical withholding conduct and impact.

Example #4:

Post Cycle Transactions. If <u>In cases where</u> a <u>generatorGenerator is interconnected with an LDC or pipeline that</u> <u>offers nomination cycles after the conclusion of the gas day ("post cycle"), and if a Generator</u> can typically obtain post-cycle gas, then the NYISO would expect that <u>generatorGenerator</u> to offer into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market based on the probability of getting post-cycle gas.

2 Hourly (Ratable) Operational Flow Order (OFO)

2.1 Gas Only Generators – Single Generator

2.1.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

- During an "hourly" or "1/24th" OFO, a gas LDC or pipeline may require its Generator customers to maintain similar levels of gas usage across an entire gas day. For gas-fired GTs that might only receive DAM schedules for an hour or two of the gas day, the DAM schedule might, in some cases, force a Generator to buy more gas than it actually needs, and then sell the extra gas it purchased at a loss.consistent with the relevant balancing program. The NYISO will work with generatorsGenerators that face such a risk to include temporary adders in Day-Ahead Market start-up reference levels to allow Generators to reflect expected sell-back losses.
- If, due to an OFO, a Generator cannot <u>secureobtain or deliver</u> sufficient gas to its pipeline <u>meter or LDC meter</u> to support its Bid into the Day-Ahead Market, and no alternative fuel is available, the NYISO expects the Generator to take a forced outage-(.__See <u>Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting <u>Section</u>)...
- Generators that are Installed Capacity Suppliers are expected to Bid in accordance with Services Tariff Section 5.12.7 for all hours of the Day-Ahead Market. If the OFO is called prior to the Day-Ahead Market Bid window closing, the NYISO expects that the Generator would include the costs associated with operating during a ratable OFO, and within the OFO restrictions, in its Day-Ahead Market Bid.

2.1.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

- A gas-only Generator is not expected to offer additional, incremental <u>energyEnergy</u> or ancillary services<u>Ancillary Services</u> above theirits DAM award in real-time during an OFO if it cannot <u>procureobtain or deliver</u> additional gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter or would have to use unauthorized gas services in order to operate to effectuate its <u>energyEnergy</u> or ancillary service<u>Ancillary Service</u> offer.
- If a <u>generatorGenerator</u> Bids into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market and that Bid results in violating the OFO, the penalty charges will not be included in reference levels or in the calculation of the <u>generator'sGenerator's</u> compensation.
- Generators are expected to comply with the provisions of OATT Section 34 (also referred to
 as OATT Attachment BB). If the <u>generatorGenerator</u> is determined to be a Local Critical
 Generator or a Bulk Critical Generator and said Critical Generator has coordinated Feasible
 Natural Gas delivery with the LDC as outlined in OATT Attachment BB, it is expected that
 the <u>generatorGenerator</u> will <u>bidBid</u> for all applicable hours in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market.
- As outlined in Services Tariff Section 23.3.1.4.6.2.1.2, if and to the extent a Market Party has obtained specific authorization from the relevant natural gas LDC or pipeline to use gas that would otherwise be unauthorized, such use shall not be considered unauthorized use by the ISONYISO and the Market Party would be expected to bidBid for all hours in the RTReal-Time Market. Market Parties shall make every effort to clearly document authorization they obtain from the LDC or pipeline. Documentation obtained after the fact will be considered.
- If a generator has no accepted <u>Generator does not have a</u> DAM schedule, and has not procured gasbeen able to obtain or deliver gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter for the RTReal-Time Market, the generatorGenerator has two options:
 - The <u>generatorGenerator</u> can <u>bidBid</u> into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market. The <u>bidBid</u> should include the costs to <u>procureobtain or deliver</u> sufficient gas to <u>the Generator's</u> <u>pipeline meter or LDC meter to</u> satisfy the restrictions of the OFO.
 - If a <u>generatorGenerator</u> cannot <u>procureobtain or deliver</u> sufficient gas<u>to the</u> <u>Generator's pipeline meter or LDC meter</u>, then the <u>generatorGenerator</u> would not be expected to <u>bidBid</u> into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market. The NYISO would expect the Generator to enter a Reserve Shutdown condition-(.__See <u>Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting<u>Section).</u> There would be no evaluation for physical withholding pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures (Services Tariff Section 23) in this circumstance.
- If a <u>generatorGenerator</u> has a DAM Ancillary <u>Service</u> schedule, but has not <u>procuredobtained</u> or <u>delivered</u> gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter for any hours other than that <u>ancillaryAncillary Service</u> schedule, the <u>generatorGenerator</u> has two options:

- The <u>generatorGenerator</u> can <u>bidBid</u> into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market for all hours, including those outside the Ancillary <u>Service</u> schedule. The <u>bidBid</u> should include the costs to <u>procureobtain or deliver</u> additional gas to <u>the Generator's pipeline meter</u> <u>or LDC meter to</u> satisfy the restrictions of the OFO.
- If a <u>generatorGenerator</u> cannot <u>procureobtain or deliver</u> additional gas<u>to its pipeline</u> <u>meter or LDC meter</u>, then the <u>generatorGenerator</u> would not be expected to <u>bidBid</u> into the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market outside the hours of the Ancillary <u>Service</u> schedule. The NYISO would expect the <u>generatorGenerator</u> to enter a Reserve Shutdown condition for the hours outside the Ancillary <u>Service</u> schedule-(.__See <u>Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting-<u>Section</u>).
- If a <u>generatorGenerator</u> has a DAM Ancillary <u>Schedule-Service schedule</u> but cannot procureobtain or deliver gas to <u>its pipeline meter or LDC meter to</u> satisfy this schedule in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market, then the NYISO would expect the <u>generatorGenerator</u> to take a forced outage-(.__See <u>Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting<u>-Section).</u>
- The failure of a gas-only Generator to offer additional incremental <u>Energy or Ancillary</u> <u>Services</u> (in excess of its scheduled MWs) energy or ancillary services in real-time during an OFO due to the inability to obtain gasor deliver gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter, would be deemed conduct consistent with competitive behavior for purposes of physical withholding evaluations conducted pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures (Services Tariff Section 23).
- During an "hourly" or "1/24th" OFO, a gas LDC or pipeline may require its Generator customers to maintain similar levels of gas usage across an entire gas day. For gas-fired GTs that might only receive DAM schedules for an hour or two of the gas day, the DAM schedule might, in some cases, force a Generator to buy more gas than it actually needs, and then sell the extra gas it purchased atto the LDC or pipeline pursuant to a loss.balancing service . The NYISO will work with generatorsGenerators that face such a risk to include temporary adders in DAM start-up reference levels to allow Generators to reflect expected sell-back losses.

2.2 Oil Generators – Single Generator

2.2.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

• During an hourly (ratable) OFO, an oil-fired <u>generatorGenerator</u> that has not already been scheduled to provide non-synchronous reserves, or to start, and that must start on natural gas might need to find intraday startup gas. This may involve the <u>generatorGenerator</u> obtaining authorization from the LDC or <u>pipeline</u> allowing use of the startup gas. If the ability to obtain authorization is unknown at the time the <u>generatorGenerator</u> is bidding into the DAMarketDAM, then the NYISO would expect the <u>generatorGenerator</u> to include in their bid the risk (cost) of not being granted the authorization <u>in its Bid</u>.

2.2.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

• If the LDC <u>or pipeline</u> refuses to authorize the use of start-up gas, then an oil-fired <u>generatorGenerator</u> that must start on natural gas is not expected to <u>bidBid</u> in the Real-Time Market while the OFO is in effect. (See <u>Section 4.0</u> GADS Reporting <u>Section</u>).

2.3 Dual Fuel Generators – Single Generator

2.3.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

 Generators that are Installed Capacity Suppliers are expected to Bid in accordance with Services Tariff Section 5.7.12 for all hours of the Day-Ahead Market. A dual-fuel Generator that has been assigned a default reference fuel type of gas, but is unable to obtain <u>gasor</u> <u>deliver additional gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter</u> due to an OFO, might nonetheless be able to run on oil for the day. In such circumstances, it is expected the <u>generatorGenerator</u> will include a fuel type adjustment (from gas to oil) in its <u>Market Information System (MIS)</u> <u>bid Bid</u> form.

2.3.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

• Generators that wouldare otherwise be available, but for the inability to obtain gas due to an OFO, are expected to Bid for all hours in the Real-Time Market. A dual-fuel Generator that has been assigned a default reference fuel type of gas, but is unable to obtain gasor deliver additional gas to its pipeline meter or LDC meter due to an OFO, might nonetheless be able to run on oil for the day. By including a fuel type adjustment (from gas to oil) in its Market Information System (MIS) bidMIS Bid form, the Generator may avoid unnecessary mitigation.

3 Interruption of Gas Service

3.1 Gas Only Generators

3.1.1 Day-Ahead Market Expectations

- If interruption of gas service occurs or a notice of interruption has been issued by the pipeline or LDC before Day-Ahead Market Bid window closes, generator are not expected to Bid into the Day-Ahead Market. Such generators would be expected to notify outage scheduling of a forced outage. (See GADS Reporting Section).
- If interruption of gas service occurs or a notice of interruption has been issued by the pipeline or LDC after a generator receives a before the Day-Ahead schedule, the generator isMarket Bid window closes, Generator(s) are not expected to derate for "lackBid into the Day-Ahead Market. Such Generators would be expected to notify outage scheduling of fuel" (a forced

outage. See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting Section). The generator is expected to notify the NYISO of its unavailability due to lack of fuel through it's TO.

- If a generator did not bid into the DA Market or RT Market, theyIf interruption of gas service occurs or a notice of interruption has been issued by the pipeline or LDC after a Generator receives a Day-Ahead Market schedule, the Generator is expected to derate for "lack of fuel" (See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting). The Generator is expected to notify the NYISO of its unavailability due to lack of fuel through its TO.
- If a Generator did not Bid into the DA Market or Real-Time Market, it would not be evaluated for physical withholding pursuant to the NYISO's Market Power Mitigation Measures (Services Tariff Section 23) during an interruption of service.
 GeneratorGenerators must report status appropriately in GADS-(._See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting-Section)...
- Installed Capacity Suppliers located East of Central-East shall Bid in the Day-Ahead <u>Market</u> all Capacity available for supplying 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve (unless the Generator is unable to meet its commitment because of an outage as defined in the <u>ISONYISO</u> Procedures). (See Section 5 –Exception).)

3.1.2 Real-Time Market Expectations

If a generator bidGenerator Bid into the Day-Ahead Market, and didn'tdid not get scheduled, generator wouldn'tthe Generator would not be expected to bidBid into the Real-Time Market. If not bidBid into the Real-Time Market, the generatorGenerator would report this as a Reserve Shutdown in GADS-(.__See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting Section). Generator. Generators would be expected to notify their TO of their unavailability to run due to lack of available-fuel.

3.2 Dual Fuel Generators

If an LDC system or pipeline is experiencing low pressure, and requests that generatorsGenerators behind that LDC or on that pipeline stop burning gas, the generatorGenerator is expected to contact its Transmission Owner (TO) to determine if the TO needs the generatorGenerator to switch to its alternate fuel for reliability. If the TO determines that the generatorGenerator is required for reliability, the TO will place the generatorGenerator OOM (which will allow the generatorGenerator to automatically recover any-additional costs incurred withdue to switch to its alternate fuel) and the generatorGenerator would be expected to switch to its alternate fuel. If the TO does not require the generatorGenerator to switch to its alternate fuel for reliability, the generatorGenerator will then decide to either switch to its alternate fuel and run without any mechanism to recover additional costs associated with switching to its alternate fuel; or it will choose to shut down, derate to 0 MW and report the outage appropriately in GADS-(. See Section 4.0 GADS Reporting-Section)...

4 Generating Availability Data System (GADS) Reporting

Generators are expected to report forced outages or reserve shut down conditions in the Generator Availability Data System (GADS). This section outlines what should be reported as a forced outage and what should be reported as a reserve shutdown.

4.1.1 Reporting Forced Outages

• When the Generator's LDC or pipeline has issued an OFO, instructions restricting imbalance usage, or there is an interruption of gas service, and gas is not available to the <u>generatorGenerator</u>, the <u>generatorGenerator</u> is required to enter a Forced Outage/Derate (U1, U2, U3 / D1, D2, D3) with the Cause Code 9130 or 9131 in their GADS data (except as noted below).

Examples of Forced Outages:

- Generator not available to bidBid into the Day-Ahead Market due to lack of fuel.
- Generators scheduled for Incremental Energy in the Day-Ahead Market, but cannot get fuel in the Real-Time Market to meet the Day-Ahead schedule.
- Generators not scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market, but SRE'd or placed OOM and cannot operate in the Real-Time Market because of the OFO.
- Generators not scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market, but scheduled in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market for Incremental Energy and cannot run in the Real-Time market because of the OFO.
- Generators not scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market but scheduled for reserves in the Real-Time Market and asked to convert to Incremental Energy and cannot operate because of the OFO.

4.1.2 Reporting Reserve Shutdowns

• A reserve shutdown is a situation wherewhen a gas-only generator Generator is not scheduled to run in the Day-Ahead Market and cannot run in the Real-Time Market due to an inability to obtain gas.

Examples of Reserve Shutdowns:

- Generators that <u>bidBid</u> into the DA Market, but <u>waswere</u> not scheduled, and cannot operate in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market due to the OFO.
- Additional Incremental Energy or Ancillary Services MWs (in excess of its Day-Ahead scheduled MWs) not offered in real time due to lack of fuel.

5 Exception – Real-Time Obligations of Installed Capacity Suppliers located East of Central-East

Installed Capacity Suppliers located East of Central-East are required (See Services Tariff Section 5.12.1.11) to bid in the Day-Ahead and Real-Time MarketsBid all Capacity available for supplying 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve in the Day-Ahead Market and Real-Time Market (unless the Generator is unable to meet its commitment because of an outage). Except), except for generatorsGenerators that have demonstrated to the ISONYISO that they are subject to environmental, contractual or other legal or physical requirements that would otherwise preclude them from providing 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve. (Services Tariff Section 5.12.1.11).

6 GADS Reporting for Installed Capacity Suppliers located East of Central-East which provide 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserves

6.1.1 Reporting Forced Outages

• When thea gas-only Generator's LDC or pipeline has issued an OFO, instructions restricting imbalance usagebalancing services, or there is an interruption of gas service, and gas transportation is not available to the generatorgas-only Generator, the operator/owner is required to enter a Forced Outage/Derate (U1, U2, U3 / D1, D2, D3) with the Cause Code 9130 or 9131 in their GADS data.

Examples of Forced Outages for these generatorsGenerators:

- Generators scheduled for Incremental Energy in the <u>DA MarketDAM</u>, but <u>cannotdo not</u> get fuel <u>inprior to</u> the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market.
- Generators scheduled in the DA MarketDAM for reserves and asked to convert to Incremental Energy in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market but <u>cannotdo not</u> get fuel.
- Generators not scheduled in the <u>DA MarketDAM</u>, but SRE'd or placed OOM and cannot operate in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market because of the<u>an</u> OFO.

6.1.2 Reporting Reserve Shutdowns

Examples of Reserve Shutdowns for these generators:

<u>Generators-:</u>

• <u>OFO called in the Real-Time Market when a Generator is scheduled in the DA MarketDAM</u> for reserves and NOT asked to convert to Incremental Energy-but OFO called in the RT Market.

- Generators scheduled<u>OFO called</u> in the <u>DA MarketReal-Time Market when a Generator is</u> scheduled in the <u>DAM</u> for Incremental Energy or Reserves and then not scheduled in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market-<u>but OFO is called</u>.
- Generators not scheduled in the <u>DA MarketDAM</u> and <u>didn't biddid not Bid</u> into the <u>RTReal-</u> <u>Time</u> Market because the OFO was called.
- Generators not scheduled in the DA Market but scheduled for Reserves in the <u>RTReal-Time</u> Market and NOT asked to convert to Incremental Energy but <u>can'tcannot</u> run because of an OFO.

7 Reference Level Software (RLS) Reporting

The NYISO expects all generators<u>Generators</u> to communicate-with the Mitigation References (MR) team any expected additional costs incurred as a result of operating during an OFO condition or instructions restricting imbalance usage: with the Mitigation References (MR) team.

• Generators are expected to comply with the provisions of the NYISO Reference Level Manual; specifically section 6.3.2 Bidding, fuel procurement and reference updates in the presence of gas balancing costs or Operational Flow Orders.

8 Outage Scheduling

Generators are expected to comply with the provisions of the NYISO Outage Scheduling Manual. Please refer to the NYISO Outage Scheduling Manual when notifying the NYISO of planned and unexpected changes to the operational availability of their transmission and generating facilities. These notifications are given in the form of requests to the NYISO for consideration and approval as Outage Schedules.