

2021 – 2040 System & Resource Outlook (The Outlook)

System & Resource Planning Department

Environmental Advisory Council

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NYISO's Economic Planning Process



NYISO Comprehensive System Planning Process





System & Resource Outlook: Objectives

- 1. Create a biennial report that summarizes the current assessments, evaluations, and plans in the biennial Comprehensive System Planning Process
- 2. Produce a twenty-year projection of system conditions for demand, generation, and transmission across the New York transmission system
- **3.** Identify, rank, and group congested elements
- 4. Assess the potential benefits of addressing congestion
- **5.** Develop informative scenario cases
- 6. Perform technical analyses to inform internal and external stakeholders



System & Resource Outlook Scope

Model Development		Congestion Assessment		Renewable Pocket Formation	Projected Operations & Market Impact Analysis
Reference cases	Sensitives and Scenarios	Historic & Future Transmission Congestion	Congestion Relief Analysis	Energy Deliverability Assessment	



2021 - 2040System & Resource **Outlook: Key Findings**



Report and Datasheet



Link: 2021-2040 Outlook Report (nviso.com)

20-Year Outlook Forecasts Transmission & **Resources Needed to Meet Policy Objectives**

The NYISO evolved its planning processes to produce the first-ever System & Resource Outlook. This new study includes a 20-year forecast that examines multiple cases and scenarios that identify transmission investment opportunities and project resource mixes for achieving 2030 and 2040 policy mandates while maintaining reliability. The Outlook will be updated every two years.

Key Findings

 State climate mandates are driving the need for unprecedented levels of investment in new generation to achieve decarbonization and maintain system reliability.

Electrification of buildings and transportation required by state policies will rapidly increase peak and annual energy demand.

 Extensive transmission investment will be necessary to deliver renewable energy and address new constraints that appear across the electric system.

 To achieve an emission-free grid. Dispatchable Emission-Free Resources (DEFRs) must be developed and deployed at scale well before 2040 to ensure reliability and meet climate mandates

Generation Required to Meet CLCPA Mandates

+20 Gigawatts New by 2030

111-124 Gigawatts Total by 2040

Estimated 20 GW of New Renewable Generation Needed for 70% by 2030 Goal. Roughly seven years from now an estimated 20 GW of additional renewable generation must be in-service to support the energy policy target of 70% renewable generation by 2030. For reference, 12.9 GW of new generation has been developed since wholesale electricity markets began more than 20-years ago in 1999



Total Installed Capacity Must Triple for 100% by 2040 Goal. At least 95 GW of new generation projects and/or modifications to existing plants will be needed. Over the past five years, 2.6 GW of renewable and fossil-fueled generators came on-line while 4.8 GW of generation deactivated. New York currently has approximately 37 GW of generating capacity.

II The Outlook shows

that unpreceded levels

generation investment will

be necessary to achieve

clean energy goals while

continuing to meet grid

- Zach G. Smith, VP System &

Resource Planning, New York ISO

reliability needs.

of transmission and

New York ISD



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Key Findings



State climate mandates are driving the need for unprecedented levels of investment in new generation to achieve decarbonization and maintain system reliability.

 Electrification of buildings and transportation required by state policies will rapidly increase peak and annual energy demand.

- Extensive transmission capability will need to be added to deliver renewable energy and address new constraints that appear across the electric system.
- ✓ To achieve an emission-free grid, Dispatchable Emission-Free Resources (DEFRs) must be developed and deployed at scale well before 2040 to ensure reliability and meet climate mandates.



Generation Required to Meet CLCPA Mandates

+20 Gigawatts New by 2030

Roughly seven years from now, an estimated 20 GW of additional renewable generation must be in-service to support the energy policy target of 70% renewable generation by 2030. For reference, 12.9 GW of new generation has been developed since wholesale electricity markets began more than 20-years ago in 1999.

111-124 Gigawatts Total by 2040

Total Installed Capacity must triple for 100% by 2040 Goal. At least 95 GW of new generation projects and/or modifications to existing plants will be needed. Over the past five years, 2.6 GW of renewable and fossilfueled generators came on-line while 4.8 GW of generation deactivated. New York currently has approximately 37 GW of generating capacity.

Key Finding 1:

✓ The pace of renewable project development is unprecedented and requires an increase in the pace of transmission development

Each incremental advance towards policy achievement matters on the path to a greener and reliable grid in the future, not just at the critical deadline years. While the policy mandates targets years 2030 and 2040, resource and transmission expansion has historically taken many years from development to commercial deployment.



Key Finding 2:

 ✓ Coordination of project additions and retirements is essential to maintaining reliability and achieving policy.

Coordination of renewable energy additions; commercialization and grid integration of new, dispatchable, emission free technologies; fossil fuel plant operation; and staged fossil fuel plant deactivations over the next 18 years will be essential to facilitate an orderly transition of the grid.



Key Finding 3:

 Significant new resource development will be required to achieve CLCPA energy targets.







New York ISO

Key Finding 4:

 ✓ To achieve an emission-free grid, dispatchable emission-free resources (DEFRs) must be developed and deployed throughout New York.

Innovation of DEFRs that provide sustained on-demand power and system stability will be essential to meeting policy objectives while maintaining a reliable electric grid. Today DEFR technologies are not commercially viable at the utility scale required to transition to the grid of the future. Success requires committed public and private research and development efforts to identify efficient and cost-effective technologies with a view towards the development and eventual adoption of commercially viable, market-based resources.



Key Finding 5:

 ✓ As the energy policies in neighboring regions evolve, New York's imports and exports of energy could vary significantly due to the resulting changes in neighboring grids.

New York is fortunate to have strong interconnections with neighboring regions and has enjoyed reliability and economic benefits from such connections. The availability of energy for interchange is predicted to shift fundamentally as policy achievement progresses. Balancing the need to serve demand reliably while achieving New York's emission-free target will require continuous monitoring and collaboration with our neighboring states.



Key Finding 6:

✓ Transmission limitations prevent full delivery of renewable energy.

A minimum of 5 TWh of renewable energy in 2030 and 10 TWh in 2035 is projected to be curtailed due to transmission limitations in renewable pockets. This equates to roughly 5% less renewable energy that can be counted toward the CLCPA targets.





Existing Renewable Energy* Contract Case Additions** Tier 4 Awards 2021 NYSERDA Awards*** BTM-PV



Key Finding 7:

 ✓ Transmission expansion is critical to facilitating efficient CLCPA energy target achievement.

The current New York transmission system, at both local and bulk levels, is inadequate to achieve currently required policy objectives. Some renewable generation pockets throughout the State already face curtailments, more curtailments will be experienced in the future and will become more constrained as an increasing number of intermittent generation resources interconnect.



Key Finding 8:

✓ Four pockets will particularly benefit from transmission expansion.

The Finger Lakes (Z1), Southern Tier (Z2), Watertown (X3), and Long Island. Without investment in transmission, these areas of the New York grid will experience persistent and significant limitations to deliver the renewable power from these pockets to consumers in the upcoming years.



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Questions, Feedback, Comments?

Email additional feedback to: JFrasier@nyiso.com



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2021-2040 Outlook Data Catalog

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Assumptions Matrix v1 Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v1 Contract Case Renewable Projects **Emissions Price Forecast** Fuel Price Forecast Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v2 (Redline) Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v3 (Redline) Production Cost Assumptions Matrix v2 (Redline) Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v4 (Redline) Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v5 (Redline) Policy Case Hourly Load Forecasts Policy Case Zonal Capacity Expansion Preliminary Results Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v6 (Redline) Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix v7 (Redline) S1 & S2 New Generator Additions Hourly Load Forecasts Capacity Expansion Assumptions Matrix - Final Production Cost Assumptions Matrix - Final Detailed Model Output Data File

DRAFT REPORTS

6/7 - Draft Report Chapter 1 6/16 - Draft Report Chapters 1-4 6/21 - Draft ES + Chapters 1-5 7/14 - Draft Report 7/14 - Draft Appendix 7/26 - Draft Appendix 8/8 - Draft Appendix 8/17 - Draft Report 8/17 - Draft Report 8/31 - Draft Report 8/31 - Draft Appendix



Presentations

ESPWG/TPAS

Our Mission & Vision

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Mission

Ensure power system reliability and competitive markets for New York in a clean energy future



Vision

Working together with stakeholders to build the cleanest, most reliable electric system in the nation

