

18 Attachment C -Formulas For Determining Bid Production Cost Guarantee Payments

18.4.2 Formula for Determining Real-Time BPCG for Generators in RTD Intervals Other Than Supplemental Event Intervals

Real-Time Bid Production Cost Guarantee for Generator g, which is not an Energy

Storage Resource or a Hybrid Storage Resource =

$$Max \left[\left(\sum_{i \in M} \left(\int_{\max(EI_{gi}^{DA}, MGI_{gi}^{RT})}^{\max(EI_{gi}^{RT}, MGI_{gi}^{RT})} C_{gi}^{RT} + MGC_{gi}^{RT} * (MGI_{gi}^{RT} - MGI_{gi}^{DA}) - LBMP_{gi}^{RT} * (EI_{gi}^{RT} - EI_{gi}^{DA}) \right) * \frac{S_i}{3600} \right) - (NASR_{gi}^{TOT} - NASR_{gi}^{DA}) - RRAP_{gi} + RRAC_{gi} + \sum_{j \in L} SUC_{gj}^{RT} * (NSUI_{gj}^{RT} - NSUI_{gj}^{DA}) \right), 0 \right]$$

Real-Time Bid Production Cost Guarantee for Generator g, which is an Energy Storage

Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource =

$$Max \left(0, \sum_{i \in M} (InjBPCG_{gi} + WthBPCG_{gi}) \right)$$

where, when an Energy Storage Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource has a real-time schedule to inject Energy:

$$InjBPCG_{gi} = \left(\left(\int_{\max(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)}^{EI_{gi}^{RT}} C_{gi}^{RT} - LBMP_{gi}^{RT} * (EI_{gi}^{RT} - \max(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)) \right) * \frac{S_i}{3600} \right) - (NASR_{gi}^{TOT} - NASR_{gi}^{DA}) - RRAP_{gi} + RRAC_{gi}$$

and, when an Energy Storage Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource has a real-time schedule to withdraw Energy =

$$WthBPCG_{gi} = \left(\left(\int_{\min(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)}^{EI_{gi}^{RT}} C_{gi}^{RT} - LBMP_{gi}^{RT} * (EI_{gi}^{RT} - \min(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)) \right) * \frac{S_i}{3600} \right) - (NASR_{gi}^{TOT} - NASR_{gi}^{DA}) - RRAP_{gi} + RRAC_{gi}$$

where:

S_i = number of seconds in RTD interval i;

C_{gi}^{RT} = Bid cost submitted by Generator g, or when applicable the mitigated Bid cost for Generator g, in the RTD for the hour that includes RTD interval i expressed in terms of \$/MWh, except in intervals in which the dispatch of the Generator is constrained by its downward ramp rate for that interval, unless that Generator was scheduled to provide Regulation Service in that interval and its RTD basepoint was less than its AGC basepoint, and except in hours in which the NYISO has increased Generator g's minimum operating level, either (i) at the Generator's request including through an adjustment to the Resource's self-commitment schedule, or (ii) in order to reconcile the ISO's dispatch with the Generator's actual output or to address reliability concerns that arise because the Generator is not following Base Point Signals, in which case C_{gi}^{RT} shall be deemed to be zero;

MGI_{gi}^{RT} = metered Energy produced by minimum generation segment of Generator g in RTD interval i expressed in terms of MW;

MGI_{gi}^{DA} = Energy scheduled Day-Ahead to be produced by minimum generation segment of Generator g in RTD interval i expressed in terms of MW;

MGC_{gi}^{RT} = Minimum Generation Bid by Generator g, or when applicable the mitigated Minimum Generation Bid for Generator g, in the Real-Time Market for the hour that includes RTD interval i, expressed in terms of \$/MWh, which Bid or mitigated Bid may include costs pursuant to Section 4.1.8;

If Generator g was committed in the Day-Ahead Market, or in the Real-Time Market via Supplemental Resource Evaluation ("SRE"), on the day prior to the Dispatch Day *and* Generator g has not yet completed the minimum run time reflected in the accepted Bid for the hour in which it was scheduled to start on the day before the Dispatch Day (as mitigated, where appropriate), *then* Generator g shall have its minimum generation

cost set equal to the revenues received for energy produced at its minimum operating level for purposes of calculating a Real-Time Bid Production Cost guarantee until Generator g completes the minimum run time reflected in the accepted Bid for the hour in which it was scheduled to start on the day before the Dispatch Day;

SUC_{gj}^{RT} = Start-Up Bid by Generator g, or when applicable the mitigated Start-Up Bid for Generator g, for hour j into RTD expressed in terms of \$/start, which Bid or mitigated Bid may include costs pursuant to Section 4.1.8;

provided, however,

(i) the Start-Up Bid shall be deemed to be zero for (1) Self-Committed Fixed and Self-Committed Flexible Generators, (2) Generators that are economically committed by RTC or RTD that have 10-minute start-up times that are not synchronized and producing Energy within 20 minutes after their scheduled start time, and (3) Generators that are economically committed by RTC that have greater than 10-minute start-up times that are not synchronized and producing Energy within 45 minutes after their scheduled start time;

(ii) if a Generator has been committed via SRE and its SRE schedule immediately precedes or follows a real-time commitment that did not result from a Day-Ahead commitment, the Generator's Start-Up Bid included in its daily real-time Bid Production Cost guarantee calculation for this contiguous real-time commitment period shall be the Start-Up Bid submitted in response to the SRE request (subject to mitigation, where appropriate);

(iii) if a Generator has been committed via SRE and its SRE schedule immediately precedes or follows a real-time schedule that resulted from a Day-Ahead commitment, then the Generator's Start-Up Bid included in its daily real-time Bid Production Cost guarantee calculation for this contiguous real-time commitment period shall be set to zero;

(iv) the real-time Start-Up Bid for Generator g for hour j or, when applicable, the mitigated real-time Start-Up Bid, for Generator g for hour j, may be subject to *pro rata* reduction in accordance with the rules set forth in Section 18.12 of this Attachment C. Bases for *pro rata* reduction include, but are not limited to, failure to be scheduled and operate in real-time to produce, in each hour, the MWh specified in the accepted Minimum Generation Bid that was submitted for the first hour of Generator g's Day-Ahead or SRE schedule, and failure to operate for the minimum run time specified in the Bid submitted for the first hour of Generator g's Day-Ahead or SRE schedule; and

(v) if Generator g was committed in the Day-Ahead Market, or in the Real-Time Market via SRE, on the day prior to the Dispatch Day, and

Generator g has not yet completed the minimum run time reflected in the accepted Bid for the hour in which it was scheduled to start on the day before the Dispatch Day (as mitigated, where appropriate) plus the contiguous hour that follows the conclusion of such minimum run time, *then* Generator g shall have its Start-Up Bid set to zero for purposes of calculating a Real-Time Bid Production Cost guarantee.

$NSUI_{gj}^{RT}$	=	number of times Generator g started up in hour j ;
$NSUI_{gj}^{DA}$	=	number of times Generator g is scheduled Day-Ahead to start up in hour j ;
$LBMP_{gi}^{RT}$	=	Real-Time LBMP at Generator g 's bus in RTD interval i expressed in terms of \$/MWh;
M	=	the set of eligible RTD intervals in the Dispatch Day consisting of all of the RTD intervals in the Dispatch Day except: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Supplemental Event Intervals (which are addressed separately in Section 18.5 below); (ii) intervals during authorized Start-Up Periods, Shutdown Periods, or Testing Periods for Generator g;
L	=	the set of all hours in the Dispatch Day
EI_{gi}^{RT}	=	either, as the case may be: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) if $EOP_{ig} > AE_{ig}$ then $\min(\max(AE_{ig}, RTSen_{ig}), EOP_{ig})$; or (ii) if otherwise, then $\max(\min(AE_{ig}, RTSen_{ig}), EOP_{ig})$.
EI_{gi}^{DA}	=	Energy scheduled in the Day-Ahead Market to be produced or withdrawn by Generator g in the hour that includes RTD interval i expressed in terms of MW;
$RTSen_{ig}$	=	Real-time Energy scheduled for Generator g in interval i , and calculated as the arithmetic average of the 6-second AGC Base Point Signals sent to Generator g during the course of interval i expressed in terms of MW;
AE_{ig}	=	either, (1) average Actual Energy Injection by Generator g in interval i but not more than $RTSen_{ig}$ plus any Compensable Overgeneration expressed in terms of MW; or (2) average Actual Energy Withdrawal by Generator g in interval i expressed in terms of MW;
EOP_{ig}	=	the Economic Operating Point of Generator g in interval i expressed in terms of MW;

- $NASR_{gi}^{TOT}$ = Net Ancillary Services revenue, expressed in terms of \$, paid to Generator g as a result of either having been committed Day-Ahead to operate in the hour that includes RTD interval i or having operated in interval i which is computed by summing the following: (1) Voltage Support Service payments received by that Generator for that RTD interval, if it is not a Supplier of Installed Capacity; (2) Regulation Service payments that would be made to that Generator for that hour based on a Performance Index of 1, less the Regulation Capacity and Regulation Movement Bids placed by that Generator to provide Regulation Service in that hour at the time it was committed to produce Energy for the LBMP Market and/or Ancillary Services to do so; (3) payments made to that Generator for providing Spinning Reserve or synchronized 30-Minute Reserve in that hour, less the Bid placed by that Generator to provide such reserves in that hour at the time it was scheduled to do so; and (4) Lost Opportunity Cost payments made to that Generator in that hour as a result of reducing that Generator's output in order for it to provide Voltage Support Service.
- $NASR_{gi}^{DA}$ = The proportion of the Day-Ahead net Ancillary Services revenue, expressed in terms of \$, that is applicable to interval i calculated by multiplying the $NASR_{gh}^{DA}$ for the hour that includes interval i by $s_i/3600$.
- $RRAP_{gi}$ = Regulation Revenue Adjustment Payment for Generator g in RTD interval i expressed in terms of \$.
- $RRAC_{gi}$ = Regulation Revenue Adjustment Charge for Generator g in RTD interval i expressed in terms of \$.

18.5.2 Formula for Determining BPCG for Generators in Supplemental Event Intervals

Real-Time Bid Production Cost Guarantee Payment for Generator g, which is not an

Energy Storage Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource =

$$\sum_{i \in P} \left(\max \left(\begin{aligned} & \left(\int_{\max(EI_{gi}^{DA}, MGI_{gi}^{RT})}^{\max(EI_{gi}^{RT}, MGI_{gi}^{RT})} C_{gi}^{RT} + MGC_{gi}^{RT} * (MGI_{gi}^{RT} - MGI_{gi}^{DA}) * \frac{S_i}{3600} \right) \\ & - LBMP_{gi}^{RT} * (EI_{gi}^{RT} - EI_{gi}^{DA}) - (NASR_{gi}^{TOT} - NASR_{gi}^{DA}) - RRAP_{gi} + RRAC_{gi} \end{aligned} \right), 0 \right)$$

Real-Time Bid Production Cost Guarantee for Generator g , which is an Energy Storage

Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource =

$$\text{Max} \left(0, \sum_{i \in P} (\text{InjBPCG}_{gi} + \text{WthBPCG}_{gi}) \right)$$

~~where,~~ when an Energy Storage Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource has a real-time schedule to inject Energy:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{InjBPCG}_{gi} = & \left(\left(\int_{\max(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)}^{EI_{gi}^{RT}} C_{gi}^{RT} - \text{LBMP}_{gi}^{RT} * (EI_{gi}^{RT} - \max(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)) \right) * \frac{S_i}{3600} \right) \\ & - (NASR_{gi}^{TOT} - NASR_{gi}^{DA}) - \text{RRAP}_{gi} + \text{RRAC}_{gi} \end{aligned}$$

and, when an Energy Storage Resource or Hybrid Storage Resource has a real-time schedule to withdraw Energy =

$$\begin{aligned} \text{WthBPCG}_{gi} = & \left(\left(\int_{\min(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)}^{EI_{gi}^{RT}} C_{gi}^{RT} - \text{LBMP}_{gi}^{RT} * (EI_{gi}^{RT} - \min(EI_{gi}^{DA}, 0)) \right) * \frac{S_i}{3600} \right) \\ & - (NASR_{gi}^{TOT} - NASR_{gi}^{DA}) - \text{RRAP}_{gi} + \text{RRAC}_{gi} \end{aligned}$$

where:

P = the set of Supplemental Event Intervals in the Dispatch Day but excluding any intervals in which there are maximum generation pickups or large event reserve pickups where EI_{gi}^{RT} is less than or equal to EI_{gi}^{DA} ; and

EI_{gi}^{RT} = (i) for any intervals in which there are maximum generation pickups, and the three intervals following, for Generators in the location for which the maximum generation

pickup has been called -- the average Actual Energy Injections, expressed in MWh, for Generator g in interval i , and for all other Generators EI_{gi}^{RT} is as defined in Section 18.4.2 above.

(ii) for any intervals in which there are large event reserve pickups and the three intervals following, EI_{gi}^{RT} is as defined in Section 18.4.2 above.

C_{gi}^{RT} = Bid cost submitted by Generator g , or when applicable the mitigated Bid cost for Generator g , in the RTD for the hour that includes RTD interval i expressed in terms of \$/MWh, except in hours in which the NYISO has increased Generator g 's minimum operating level, either (i) at the Generator's request, or (ii) in order to reconcile the ISO's dispatch with the Generator's actual output or to address reliability concerns that arise because the Generator is not following Base Point Signals, in which case C_{gi}^{RT} shall be deemed to be zero;

The definition of all other variables is identical to those defined in Section 18.4 above.

In the event that the ISO re-institutes penalties for poor Regulation Service performance under Section 15.3.8 of Rate Schedule 3 such penalties will not be taken into account when calculating supplemental payments under this Attachment C.